Strategies for Monitoring Large Data Centers with Oracle Enterprise Manager

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Consulting Product Manager
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Agenda

• Overview of Oracle Enterprise Manager
• Monitoring Best Practices
• Q&A
Business-Driven IT Management

User Experience

Business Transactions
- WEB PORTAL
- PRODUCT CATALOG
- ORDER ENTRY
- OTHER SERVICES

Business Services

Business-Driven Application Management
- Understand business needs
- Manage from business perspective

Integrated Application-to-Disk & Cloud Management
- Eliminate management silos
- Create agile IT for dynamic business

Integrated Systems Management & Support
- Proactively identify and fix problems
- Maximize business productivity
Business-Driven IT Management

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Business Users and Customers

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- Maximize business productivity
Enterprise Manager Monitoring

Fundamental part of *Integrated Application-to-Disk* solution

- **Lights-out data center monitoring**
  - *Manage by Exception*: continuous monitoring of targets, generation of alerts when exceptions are detected
    - **Metric**: mechanism used to monitor target conditions (availability, performance, etc.)
    - **Alert**: generated when metric crosses its thresholds (warning, critical)
      - **Notifications**: sending of alert information (email, etc.)
- **Complete and integrated across stack**
  - Entire Oracle stack
  - Heterogeneous infrastructure monitoring by plug-ins
  - Extensible for custom needs
- **Manage Many as One**
  - Features to setup and monitor many targets as one
- **Integrates with third party systems**
  - Helpdesks and other management systems
Common Monitoring Questions

What’s the best way to...

• Set Up Monitoring
  – Deploy monitoring settings on targets
  – Set up notifications for administrators
  – Assign right level of target privileges to administrators

• Manage Alerts
  – Controlling volume of alerts
  – Removing unwanted alerts
  – Automating fix for common alerts
Best Practices for Monitoring the Data Center

Goals:

- **Meet monitoring requirements**
  - Deploy your monitoring standards
  - Alert notifications sent to the appropriate persons
- **Comply with security practices**
  - Follow *Principle of least privilege* when granting target privileges
- **Easy to manage**
  - Infrastructure does not become administrative task
  - ‘Manage many as one’ for managed targets
- **Scalable as enterprise grows**

Strategy:

- **Set up monitoring for ‘economies of scale’ by laying the groundwork for monitoring**
  - As enterprise grows, minimal effort to monitor new targets or add new Enterprise Manager administrators
- **Leverage “Manage Many as One” features**
Best Practices: Setting Up Monitoring

4 Step Methodology

1. Organize targets into groups
2. Use Roles to segregate responsibilities
3. Define and enforce monitoring standards
4. Set up notifications using groups
Setting Up Monitoring
STEP 1: Organize targets into Groups

- Plan your group structure
- Considerations:
  - Group together targets monitored in the same way
    - Same monitoring settings due to:
      - Supporting same application
      - Same Deployment type (Production, Development, Test)
  - Visually monitor them together in a dashboard
  - Can have group hierarchies
  - Sample group hierarchy:
    - By Line of Business
    - By Deployment (Prod vs Devt)
    - By Ownership
Setting Up Monitoring

STEP 1: Organize targets into Groups

“Create group based on Production database and host targets in the Finance department”

• Create the group in Enterprise Manager
  – You can search targets by operational criteria (aka target properties)
    • Deployment Type, Line of Business, Location…

• Additional tips:
  – Can add new target properties via EMCLI add_target_property
  – Can bulk update target properties via EMCLI set_target_property_value
Setting Up Monitoring
STEP 1: Organize targets into Groups

- Make the group “privilege-propagating”
  - A privilege on the group that is granted to a user automatically extends to all members of the group
    - Includes subgroups

- Requires:
  - Create Privilege-Propagating Group privilege
  - Full privilege on all targets to be added to the group
  - EMCLI modify_group verb to convert group to privilege propagating group
  - If a group is privilege propagating, all its parent groups must be privilege propagating.
Setting Up Monitoring
4 Step Methodology

Step 1: Organize targets into groups

Step 2: Use Roles to segregate responsibilities

Step 3: Define and enforce monitoring standards

Step 4: Set up notifications using groups
Setting Up Monitoring
STEP 2: Use Roles to segregate responsibilities

• *Who* should do *what* on the targets in the group?
• Map operations on the groups to job responsibilities (Senior Lead, DBA owner, First Line Support, etc.)
• Planning Considerations:
  – For the groups created, who can do these operations on them?
    • Change group membership
    • Grant privileges on the group to other users
  – Who can do these operations on the targets in the group?
    • Add / delete the target from Enterprise Manager
    • Define monitoring settings
    • Define notification settings
    • View / receive notifications for alerts
    • Acknowledge an alert
    • Act on target to resolve alert
    • Blackout target for planned or unplanned downtime
## Setting Up Monitoring

### STEP 2: Use Roles to segregate responsibilities

### Mapping of operations to Enterprise Manager privileges

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operations</th>
<th>Enterprise Manager Privilege</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>...On the Group:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Change group membership</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Grant privileges on group to users</td>
<td>Group Administration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>...On the member targets:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Delete target from Enterprise Manager</td>
<td>• <strong>Full</strong> on group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Set blackout for planned downtime</td>
<td>• <strong>Operator</strong> on group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Change monitoring settings</td>
<td>• <strong>Blackout Target</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Change monitoring configuration</td>
<td>• <strong>Manage Target Metrics</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• View and acknowledge alerts, Clear alerts</td>
<td>• <strong>Configure Target</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• View target, receive alerts on target</td>
<td>• <strong>Manage Target Alerts</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**View on group**
Setting Up Monitoring
STEP 2: Use Roles to segregate responsibilities

Examples of common job responsibilities:

- **Group Administrator**
  - Adds / Deletes target from Enterprise Manager
  - Manages group membership
  - Grants privilege on group to other users

- **Senior Administrator**
  - Adds / Deletes target from Enterprise Manager
  - Sets up monitoring for targets
  - Sets up notification rules for targets

- **First Line Support**
  - Receives notifications for alerts
  - Responds to alerts

- **Target Owner**
  - Receives alerts and responds to alerts
  - Changes monitoring settings for targets
  - Perform target maintenance
Setting Up Monitoring
STEP 2: Use Roles to segregate responsibilities

Create roles for each job responsibility

**Group Administrator ROLE**
- “Add Any Target” system privilege
- “Group Administrator” on the group

**Senior Administrator ROLE**
- “Add Any Target” system privilege
- “Full” on the (privilege propagating) group

**First Line Support ROLE**
- “Manage Target Alerts” on the (privilege propagating) group

**Target Owner ROLE**
- “Operator” on the (privilege propagating) group
Setting Up Monitoring

STEP 2: Use roles to segregate responsibilities

- **Create roles** containing the appropriate **privileges** on the privilege propagating group

- **Examples:**
  - SeniorAdmin Role = *Full* on ‘Production Sales Group’
  - FirstLineSupport Role = *Manage Target Alerts* on ‘Production Sales Group’

- **Grant roles** to administrators who manage the group

- **Don’t** grant privileges on individual member targets
  - Harder to maintain as group grows
Setting Up Monitoring
4 Step Methodology

1. Step 1: Organize targets into groups
2. Step 2: Use Roles to segregate responsibilities
3. Step 3: Define and enforce monitoring standards
4. Step 4: Set up notifications using groups
Setting Up Monitoring

STEP 3: Define and enforce monitoring standards

- Simplify management of many targets by defining standards for monitoring (set of metrics and thresholds)
  - Monitoring standard for production databases
  - Monitoring standard for test databases
  - etc.

- Create Monitoring Templates to encapsulate monitoring standards
  - Monitoring standard for “Production’ systems ➔ put this in one template
  - Monitoring standard for “Test” systems ➔ put in a separate template

- Monitoring Template typically contains complete set of metric settings
  - Specific to a target type
  - Examples:
    - Monitoring Template for production databases
    - Monitoring Template for test databases
**Setting Up Monitoring**

**STEP 3: Define and enforce monitoring standards**

- **Create monitoring template**
  - Senior Administrator creates the template on behalf of the LOB / Team
  - Grant ‘View’ on template to other consumers of the template
  - Grant ‘Full’ on template only to other senior administrators (or role) who are entitled to edit the template

- **Apply monitoring templates to groups**
  - Apply to highest level in group hierarchy
  - Will apply to the applicable targets in the group / subgroups
  - Example: Database template will only be applied to database targets in group

- **Usage Notes:**
  - Apply requires at least “Manage Target Metrics”
  - Multiple templates can be applied on a target, potentially overriding metric settings
  - Target can have specific metric settings by setting ‘prevent template override’ flag
Setting Up Monitoring
STEP 3: Define and enforce monitoring standards

- What if I have one monitoring standard for all my targets?
  - Define Monitoring Template
  - Specify it as the ‘Default’ for the target type
  - For targets added in the future, will be used instead of Oracle’s out-of-box monitoring settings
    - Enterprise Manager will automatically apply template upon target discovery

- Usage notes:
  - Manually apply template for existing targets
  - Requires Super Administrator privilege to specify template as ‘Default’
Setting Up Monitoring
STEP 3: Define and enforce monitoring standards

- What if I have enterprise-wide settings and application-specific settings for my targets?
  - Use Default Template to specify enterprise-wide settings common to all targets
  - Use another template containing settings specific to application
- Apply to target after discovery
Setting Up Monitoring
4 Step Methodology

Step 1: Organize targets into groups

Step 2: Use Roles to segregate responsibilities

Step 3: Define and enforce monitoring standards

Step 4: Set up notifications using groups
Setting Up Monitoring
STEP 4: Set up notifications using groups

- **Notification Method**: means of sending notifications (e.g. email)
  - You can extend Notification Methods to accommodate custom alert handling: OS Script, PL/SQL, SNMP traps

- **Notification Rule**: when alert occurs, who gets notified and how

- **Use groups as the target for the notification rule**
  - If a target is added to the group, the notification rule will automatically apply to the target

| Notification Rule: | Target: **Production Sales Group** | Critical alerts | Action: **Send email to DBA team** |
Leveraging your monitoring setup
As your enterprise grows, minimal effort required for target setup

• When new targets are added to Enterprise Manager:
  – Do nothing (if using Default Templates) or apply Template
  – Add to appropriate group
  – … That’s it!

• Results:
  – Targets are monitored according to your standards
  – Notifications for alerts on the targets go to the right administrators
  – Administrators have the right privileges to manage the targets
Common Monitoring Questions

What’s the best way to...

• Set Up Monitoring
  - Deploy monitoring settings on targets
  - Set up notifications for administrators
  - Assign right level of target privileges to administrators

• Manage Alerts
  - Controlling volume of alerts
  - Removing unwanted alerts
  - Automating fix for common alerts
Managing Alerts

1. Control alerts at the source
   - Was the alert raised prematurely?
     • Are the thresholds too high/low?
     • Review metric trend
     • Adjust thresholds, set number of occurrences
   - Do I care about this condition? If NOT, then:
     • Disable metric collection schedule
       - Note: Other metrics may be impacted
     • For database alert log metric, use alert log filters
     • To disable alerting for database TEMP, UNDO tablespaces, see Support Note 816920.1
   - To deploy changed metric settings across targets, use Monitoring Templates
Managing Alerts

2. **Use Corrective Actions to auto-resolve alerts**
   - Tasks that automatically run in response to an alert
   - Is the resolution of the alert a repeatable process that can be scripted?
   - Usage Notes:
     - Defined for a *metric*
       - Can be same or different for Warning vs Critical severity
       - Can have different tasks based on monitored object
       - Ex: *Filesystem Space Available(%)* can have different corrective actions for /u1 and /u2
     - Set up notifications for corrective action failure
Managing Alerts

3. Clear old log-based alerts regularly
   - Think about operational practice for regularly clearing old, resolved alerts
   - Automate using duration-based notification rules
     - Tip: Create a separate notification rule for this
     - Do not combine with rules for sending notifications
   - Manually via EMCLI `clear_stateless_alerts`
     - Bulk clears stateless alerts for a target
Managing Alerts

Auto-clearing log-based alerts using notification rules

First specify the duration-based condition… (“Alert Log” alerts opened for at least 30 days)
Managing Alerts

Auto-clearing log-based alerts using notification rules

Then choose ‘Clear Alert’ action
Managing Alerts

4. Perform proactive monitoring using the System Dashboard
   - Shows overall health of your group using universal colors of alarm
   - Use System Dashboard at any level in group hierarchy:
     - Highest level – visibility into status/performance of ALL targets
     - Lower level – details of alerts for specific group
Managing Alerts

System Dashboard

- Include metrics showing overall health
- To help triage/assign the alert, add operational data using target properties (e.g. Contact, Application Supported, etc.)
- Latest comment for alert is shown. Use this to:
  - Display ticket ID
  - Show alert ownership
More Monitoring Tips in the Appendix

Refer to Appendix for information on additional topics:
- Choosing metrics and thresholds for alerting
- Customizing email to add more operational context
- Practices for setting up notification rules
- Sending alert reminders using repeat notifications
- Escalations through email
- Did my fix resolve the alert?
- Is this old alert still valid?
- Are my targets following my monitoring standards?
- Do I have correct notification coverage for my target's alerts?
- Changing dbsnmp credentials across many databases
Benefits: Enterprise Manager Monitoring
Enabling value through best practices

- Minimal effort to scale as enterprise grows
- Reduce manual tasks
  Improve administrator productivity
- Flexible to meet monitoring and security requirements
- Enables IT to meet service goals
- Standardized approach to monitoring
- Manage More with Less
Oracle Enterprise Manager 11g Resource Center
Access Videos, Webcasts, White Papers, and More
Oracle.com/enterprisemanager11g
# Additional Oracle Enterprise Manager Sessions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Thursday, Sept. 23</th>
<th>Location</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9:00 a.m. - Oracle WebLogic Server Management for Oracle DBAs</td>
<td>Marriott Marquis, Salon 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9:00 a.m. - Enabling Database as a Service Through Agile Self-Service Provisioning</td>
<td>Moscone S. Room 102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9:00 a.m. - Reduce TCO with Oracle Application Management Pack for Oracle E-Business Suite</td>
<td>Moscone W L2, Rm 2024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10:30 a.m. - Best Practices for Managing Your PeopleSoft Applications</td>
<td>Marriott Hotel, Golden Gate A</td>
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<tr>
<td>10:30 a.m. - Oracle Enterprise Manager Grid Control Deployment Best Practices</td>
<td>Moscone S. Room 102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10:30 a.m. - Managing Sun SPARC Servers with Oracle Enterprise Manager Ops Center</td>
<td>Moscone S. Room 252</td>
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<tr>
<td>10:30 a.m. - Heterogeneous Data Masking: Oracle, SQL Server, and DB2 Database Best Practices</td>
<td>Moscone S. Room 306</td>
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<tr>
<td>12:00 p.m. - Scalable Enterprise Data Processing for the Cloud with Oracle Grid Engine</td>
<td>Moscone S. Room 310</td>
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<tr>
<td>12:00 p.m. - Spot Problems Before Your Users Call: User Experience Monitoring for Oracle Apps</td>
<td>Marriott Hotel, Golden Gate A</td>
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<tr>
<td>12:00 p.m. - Reduce Problem Resolution Time with Oracle Database 11g Diagnostic Framework</td>
<td>Moscone S. Room 102</td>
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# Additional Oracle Enterprise Manager Sessions

**Thursday, Sept. 23**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Session</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Patching Enterprisewide Databases: Automation Techniques and Real-World Insights</td>
<td>Moscone S. Room 310</td>
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<tr>
<td>1:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Managing User Experience: Lessons from eBay</td>
<td>Marriott Hotel, Golden Gate A</td>
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<tr>
<td>1:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Deep Java Diagnostics and Performance Tuning: Expert Tips and Techniques</td>
<td>Marriott Marquis, Salon 9</td>
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<tr>
<td>1:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Oracle Enterprise Manager Configuration Management Unleashed: Top 10 Expert Tips</td>
<td>Marriott Marquis, Salon 6</td>
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<tr>
<td>1:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Oracle Enterprise Manager Security Best Practices</td>
<td>Moscone S. Room 102</td>
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<tr>
<td>3:00 p.m.</td>
<td>The X-Files: Managing the Oracle Exadata and Highly Available Oracle Databases</td>
<td>Moscone S. Room 102</td>
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<tr>
<td>3:00 p.m.</td>
<td>Monitoring and Diagnosing Oracle RAC Performance with Oracle Enterprise Manager</td>
<td>Moscone S. Room 310</td>
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Oracle Enterprise Manager Hands On Labs

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<tr>
<td>9:00 - 10:00 a.m.</td>
<td>Database Performance Diagnostics and Tuning</td>
<td>Marriott Hotel, Salon 12/13, YB Level</td>
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<td>10:30 - 11:30 a.m.</td>
<td>Oracle Fusion Middleware Management</td>
<td>Marriott Hotel, Salon 12/13, YB Level</td>
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# Oracle Enterprise Manager Demogrounds

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<tr>
<th>DEMO TITLE</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Real Application Testing: Database Replay</td>
<td>Moscone West</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Real Application Testing: SQL Performance Analyzer</td>
<td>Moscone West</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self-Managing Database: Automatic Performance Diagnostics</td>
<td>Moscone West</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self-Managing Database: Automatic Fault Diagnostics</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self-Managing Database: Automatic Application and SQL Tuning</td>
<td>Moscone West</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Quality Management: Application Testing Suite</td>
<td>Moscone South - S022</td>
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<tr>
<td>Real User Monitoring with Oracle Enterprise Manager</td>
<td>Moscone South - S021</td>
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<tr>
<td>Siebel CRM Application Management</td>
<td>Moscone South - S024</td>
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<tr>
<td>Real User Monitoring with Oracle Enterprise Manager</td>
<td>Moscone West</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oracle WebLogic Server Management and Java Diagnostics</td>
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<td>SOA Management with Oracle Enterprise Manager</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oracle Business Transaction Management</td>
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<td>Push Button Provisioning and Patch Automation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Smart Configuration Management</td>
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<td>Oracle Enterprise Manager Ops Center</td>
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<tr>
<td>Managing the Enterprise Private Cloud</td>
<td>Moscone West</td>
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<tr>
<td>System Management, My Oracle Support, and Oracle Enterprise Manager</td>
<td>Moscone West</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self Managing Database: Change Management for DBAs</td>
<td>Moscone West</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oracle Enterprise Manager: Complete Datacenter Management</td>
<td>Moscone West</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self-Managing Database: Data Masking for DBAs</td>
<td>Moscone West</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix
Setting up Monitoring: Tips and Traps
Choosing metrics and thresholds for alerting

- Default thresholds may over-alert
  - Some defaults designed for PRODUCTION use cases
  - Use template with adjusted thresholds to apply to DEV and TEST

- Choose metrics for alerting carefully:
  - Time-based metrics superior for performance
  - Base resource consumption (CPU, I/O, Memory)
  - Workload or application-specific metrics or health checks

- Threshold values
  - Use metric history to analyze value ranges
  - Be conservative with critical thresholds:
    - Reserve CRITICAL for high signal of serious problem
Database Performance Metrics

• #1 Metric: Average Active Sessions
  – Measures active load on database instance
  – Sudden high spikes usually mean severe performance issue

• Use Adaptive Thresholds:
  – Sets thresholds automatically and adjusts for workload cycles
  – Warn at 0.99 significance (measured sample statistic)
  – Critical at 0.9999 significance (estimated high significance value)

• 11g: New Adaptive Thresholds user interface
  – Supports threshold “what-if” analysis over recent history
  – Organizes metrics into Classes
  – Located under “Baseline Metric Thresholds” in Grid/Database Control
Setting Up Monitoring: Beyond the Basics

Additional tips for setting up notifications

• Customize email format to add more operational context
  – Add target properties (Line of Business, Owner, Contact..) in the email to provide additional operational information

• Practices for setting up Notification Rules
  – Designate users (Senior Administrators) to create rules on behalf of the team
  – Common use cases
    • Rules for production targets different than rules for non-production targets
    • Separate rules by Line-of-Business / team
    • Use naming convention (e.g. include team name in rule)
      – Facilitates searching for rules
Setting Up Monitoring: Beyond the Basics

Additional tips for setting up notifications

• Send alert reminders using Repeat Notifications
  – Set the global defaults to the least frequent interval used and use this in most rules
    • Example: Global setting: Repeat every 30 minutes up to a max of 3 repeats
  – For rules that include important targets or critical alerts, set to higher repeat frequency
    • Example: For target down rule(s): repeat every 5 minutes up to a max of 10 repeats
  – Usage Note: Users need to ‘acknowledge’ the alert in the Enterprise Manager console to stop repeat notifications
    • Remember to provide “Manage Target Alerts” privilege to your operators
Setting Up Monitoring: Beyond the Basics

Additional tips for setting up notifications

• Escalate unattended, important alerts via email
  – Send email to different person (e.g. manager level) if alert is open too long
  – To set up this rule:
    • Create new notification rule and put a ‘duration condition’ associated with the alert
    • Rule action: Send email to the manager
Notification Rule for Alert Escalation via E-mail

In Metrics tab, define duration condition for the alert…
(Apply rule if alert opened > 12 hours and not acknowledged)

.. then in Actions tab, send email to the manager
Managing Alerts: Other Tips

• How do I know if my fix resolved the alert?
  – Use ‘Reevaluate Alert’ feature
  – Alternative to waiting for next metric evaluation
  – Causes the agent to reevaluate the metric alert
  – Current severity will be provided
  – Usage: requires 10.2.0.5 agent or higher
Managing Alerts: Other Tips

- Is this alert still valid?
  - Enterprise Manager does not change the alert triggered date
  - Validation shown in the Console
    - Last Collected Value
    - Last Collected Timestamp
Monitoring: Ongoing Maintenance

• Are my targets still following my monitoring standards?
  – Generate report using Monitoring Template Comparison reporting element and/or
  – Use “Compare Settings” feature in Monitoring Templates page
  – Shows differences between monitoring template and target’s settings
Monitoring: Ongoing Maintenance

Report using the *Monitoring Template Comparison* element

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### Monitoring Template Diff Report (Preview)

**Standard Template**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source Template</th>
<th>Target Type</th>
<th>Database Instance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Production DB template</td>
<td>Database Instance</td>
<td>ARA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Settings**

Settings for all key values in the template should match the target.

**Compare Metric Settings**

- Compare Monitoring Template Setting with: `finance.us.oracle.com`
- Options: `Go`

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metric</th>
<th>Template (Production DB template)</th>
<th>Database Instance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Archive Area Used (%)</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blocking Session Count</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumulative Logons (per second)</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Open Cursors Count</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td>1500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Time Spent Waiting (%)</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
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<td>Administrative</td>
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<td>40</td>
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<tr>
<td>Application</td>
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<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commit</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Differences are highlighted

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*ORACLE Enterprise Manager Grid Control 11g*
Monitoring: Ongoing Maintenance

- Do I still have correct notification coverage for my target?
  - Notification Rule Coverage report (per target)
  - For each metric contained in a rule:
    - Alert severities covered
    - Rule(s), if any
    - Type of notification
    - Shows alert-able metrics not covered in any rule
    - Potential missed notification
What’s the easiest way to change monitoring credentials (e.g. dbsnmp) across many databases?

- EMCLI `update_db_password`
  - Changes password associated with the user in Enterprise Manager and database target
  - Changes the password across all features that use it:
    - Preferred credentials, Corrective Actions, Jobs, User-defined metrics, target monitoring credentials
  - Usage tip: Blackout the target during this operation to avoid metric collection errors due to invalid password
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