Forms 12c New Features
Purpose statement

This document provides an overview of features and enhancements included collectively in Oracle Forms 12c. It is intended solely to help you assess the business benefits of upgrading to the latest Forms 12c release and to plan your I.T. projects.

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Introduction

This document is intended to outline some of the many new features found in Oracle Forms 12c (12.2.1). This document alone does not represent a complete collection of all the new features and enhancements introduced into this new release. Features that are included herein represent a cumulative catalog of features from all minor versions in the 12c (12.2.1) family. It is assumed that readers will be using the latest product version and therefore can take advantage of any feature discussed.

This high level document is only for reference and an introduction to some of the new features. Complete details are available in the product documentation, including the Form Builder Help.

For more information and usage details on these and other new features, refer to the Oracle Forms Documentation Library and Oracle Form Builder Help.
Forms Runtime and Administration Features

Oracle BI-Publisher Integration

In previous versions, Oracle Forms offered integration with Oracle Reports. In this release, Oracle Forms also includes integration with Oracle BI-Publisher (aka Analytics Publisher). Developers can choose between using one or both reporting tools.

The integration with Oracle BI-Publisher has been designed to closely resemble the integration provided previously for Oracle Reports. A new property named REPORT_OBJECT_TYPE will be used to identify if the referenced REPORT_OBJECT is intended for Oracle Reports (OraReports) or Oracle BI-Publisher (OraBIP). This can only be set at design-time. Most other related built-ins will remain the same as they were for Oracle Reports. New properties have been added to accommodate BI-Publisher. Refer to the Form Builder Help topic “SET_REPORT_OBJECT_PROPERTY” for a complete list of new properties and their descriptions.

The following assumes Oracle BI-Publisher has already been installed, configured, and is accessible from the installation hosting Oracle Forms. Refer to the BI-Publisher documentation for information on its installation and configuration.

To integrate with BI-Publisher, the following basic steps are necessary.

1. In the Form Builder Object Navigator, create a Report object.
2. Access the properties for this new object in the Property Palette.
3. Set the Report Type property to OraBIP.
4. In the Property Palette, set the required and desired optional properties. (Refer to the Builder Help for details)
5. Create the desired trigger or program unit that will be used to make the call to BI-Publisher.

The BI-Publisher username and password must be passed programmatically in order for the request to succeed.

Example:

```sql
DECLARE
    bi_username   varchar2(20);
    bi_password   varchar2(20);
    repid         REPORT_OBJECT;
    v_rep         varchar2(256);
    rep_status    varchar2(256);
BEGIN
    -- Because Forms calls BIP with Java, we want to trap any Java errors that may occur.
    ex     ora_java.jobject;
    ex_msg varchar2(255);

    -- Identify the Report Object.
    repid := find_report_object('BI_EMP');
    -- Before reaching this point be sure to obtain the username and password for BI-Pub.
    -- Pass in the username and password. This is required.
    SET_REPORT_OBJECT_PROPERTY(repid, BIP_USER, bi_username);
    SET_REPORT_OBJECT_PROPERTY(repid, BIP_PASSWORD, bi_password);
    -- Ask BIP to run the report.
    v_rep := RUN_REPORT_OBJECT(repid);
    /* DO SOMETHING ABOUT CHECKING STATUS HERE
    The call to BIP is asynchronous.
    Therefore, it will be necessary to check on its status periodically if
    notifying the user is desired. The report_object_status built-in can be used for that check.
    Likely a timer would be used to periodically check the status.
    Using a loop is not recommended.
```
Example: rep_status := report_object_status(v_rep);
*/

EXCEPTION
WHEN ora_java.exception_thrown THEN
  ex := Exception_.new(ora_java.last_exception);
BEGIN
  ex_msg := Exception_.toString(ex);
  message ('Java Exception occurred: ' || ex_msg);
  ora_java.clear_exception;
END;

EXCEPTION
WHEN ora_java.java_error THEN
  message ('Unable to call out to Java, ' || ora_java.last_error);
END;

If passing parameters is necessary, the SET_REPORT_OBJECTPROPERTY built-in can be used. This should be set prior to making the call to RUN_REPORT_OBJECT. To pass a single parameter you would do something like the example below. Note that the parameter is case sensitive in BI-Publisher. So if the parameter created in BI-Publisher was created with upper case characters then the string passed from Forms must all be all upper case, as seen below with the parameter “P_DEPTNO”.

Example:

SET_REPORT_OBJECTPROPERTY (repid, BIP_REPORT_PARAMETERS, 'P_DEPTNO=30');

If passing more than one parameter, each parameter value pair must be separated by CHR(10).

Example:

SET_REPORT_OBJECTPROPERTY (repid, BIP_REPORT_PARAMETERS, 'P_DEPTNO=30' || chr(10) || 'P_ENAME=WARD');

Information about using BI-Publisher can be found in the BI-Publisher documentation.

https://docs.oracle.com/middleware/bi12214/bip

Forms Websocket Java Script Integration (WJSI)

This feature requires the use of Eclipse/Jetty version 9.4.5 or newer, a third party Java jar file. This Java jar file must signed with a trusted and known certificate. Refer to the Java documentation for more information about signing Java jar files. At the time of this document writing, the needed Jetty file can be downloaded from here:

https://repo1.maven.org/maven2/org/eclipse/jetty/aggregate/jetty-all

As a result of changes in the industry, some browser vendors have decided to stop supporting plug-in technologies, including the Java Plug-in. In order to overcome this loss of browser support, Forms 12c delivered two browser-less deployment options (Java Web Start and Forms Standalone Launcher) which are described elsewhere in this document. Because the configurations are browser-less, there is no way to communicate with an HTML page running in a browser and thus the standard Forms-Java Script integration does not work in those configurations.

Forms Websocket Java Script integration (WJSI) aims to alleviate this limitation.

Using the Eclipse/Jetty server, a running Forms application can communicate to an HTML page through the Jetty server. The Jetty server is an extremely lightweight application server that has built-in support for Websocket technology and hosts a special intermediate application that assists in the communication between browser and Forms application. This lightweight server is delivered to the user’s machine during application startup.
The implementation of this feature allows for the reuse of most existing Forms Java Script Integration code. To convert an existing application's Java Script integration do the following:

- Locate websocketJSI.pll which is provided in the \forms directory and generate it into a PLX.
- In the Form Builder, open the desired module and open websocketJSI.olb (found in the \forms directory).
- Copy or subclass the WEBSOCKETJSI group found in the Object Library into the application.
- Attach websocketJSI.pll to the module.
- Perform a Find/Replace PL/SQL in the application. Search for web.javascript and replace it with websocketJSI.javascript. Here is an example:

  Before:
  
  ```
  web.javascript_eval_expr(:block1.JSEXPR);
  ```

  After:
  
  ```
  websocketJSI.javascript_eval_expr(:block1.JSEXPR);
  ```

- Generate a new FMX.

In order for the HTML page to send and receive data, it must include a reference to frmwebsocketjsi.js. This file is provided in the \forms\java directory. This file should not be relocated or altered. In the <HEAD> of the HTML page add the following:

```html
<script type="text/javascript" src="/forms/java/frmwebsocketjsi.js"></script>
```

Once this Java Script (JS) file is associated with the desired web page, calls can be added to the web page that will be used to manipulate the page as desired. The JS source can be reviewed for details about each of the functions.

Applet parameters associated with this feature are listed in the Applet parameter and Environment Variable tables later in this document.

For more information on how to use this feature refer to the Working with Oracle Forms Guide.

**System Events**

System Events allow developers to develop applications that can react to actions that occur relative to the running application. In order to use System Events, you must create the desired event object in your form. Only one event per type can be included in any one form.
Also refer to the new Environments Variables table for information about the new variable, FORMS_SYSTEM_EVENT_NAVIGATION.

The new System Events include the following.

**Client-Idle (SYSTEM_CLIENT_IDLE)**

This event will be raised when the end-user has not performed any actions in the associated application session for the amount of time configured. The maximum idle time is configurable using either the new applet parameter `idleTimeout` or using a new `SET_APPLICATION_PROPERTY` argument `CLIENT_IDLE_TIME`. Setting the value to 0 will disable idle time monitoring. The configured values are in seconds. The values set for this event may not exactly represent the time specified. For example, an idle time setting of 60 seconds may not immediately raise the event until 61 seconds have elapsed. Therefore, this event should not be used for critical time conditions. Also, idle time will be ignored while the running form is displaying modal content (e.g. Alert or error dialogs, etc). If it is preferred that even when a modal window is open, the associated event fires, the environment variable `FORMS_ON_MODAL_DETECT_IDLE` set to TRUE (or 1) will cause the trigger to fire immediately upon returning from the modal state and completing the current trigger processing.

Here is an example of how to use the `SYSTEM_CLIENT_IDLE` event.

First, either set the Forms applet parameter `idleTimeout` (in seconds) or set the application property `CLIENT_IDLE_TIME` (in seconds) to enable the monitoring of client interactivity idle time in the form.

Example:

```
-- Set CLIENT_IDLE_TIME to 10 minutes
SET_APPLICATION_PROPERTY (CLIENT_IDLE_TIME, 600);
```

Next, in a WHEN-EVENT-RAISED trigger add something like the following.

Example:

```
DECLARE
    al_button Number;
BEGIN
    If :SYSTEM.LAST_EVENT = 'SYSTEM_CLIENT_IDLE' Then
        al_button := SHOW_ALERT ('CLIENT_IDLE_ALERT');
    End if;
END;
```

**DB-Idle (SYSTEM_DB_IDLE)**

This event will be raised when database interactions have not occurred in the associated application session for the amount of time configured. The maximum idle time will be configurable using either a new environment variable `FORMS_DB_IDLE_TIME` or using a new `SET_APPLICATION_PROPERTY` argument `DB_IDLE_TIME`. Setting the value to 0 will disable idle time monitoring. Once this event is raised, it will not reset/restart until another database action occurs. To enable continued monitoring, set `DB_IDLE_REPEAT` to TRUE (e.g. `SET_APPLICATION_PROPERTY (DB_IDLE_REPEAT, PROPERTY_TRUE)`). This behavior differs from CLIENT_IDLE, which monitors continually once enabled. The configured values is in seconds. The values set for this event may not exactly represent the time specified. For example, an idle time setting of 60 seconds may not immediately raise the event until 61 seconds have elapsed. Therefore, this event should not be used for critical time conditions. Idle time monitoring will not begin until a value has been set for `DB_IDLE_TIME` and the first database action has occurred (e.g. database query, etc). Here is an example of how to use the `SYSTEM_DB_IDLE`.
First, either set the Forms environment variable \texttt{FORMS\_DB\_IDLE\_TIME} (in seconds) or set the application property \texttt{DB\_IDLE\_TIME} (in seconds) to enable the monitoring of database interactivity idle time in the form.

Next, in a \texttt{WHEN\-EVENT\-RAISED} trigger add something like the following.

Example:

\begin{verbatim}
BEGIN
  If :SYSTEM.LAST\_EVENT = 'SYSTEM\_DB\_IDLE' Then
    -- Turn off DB Idle monitor so the logout action doesn't
    -- cause the idle monitor to fire again. Then logout.
    SET\_APPLICATION\_PROPERTY (DB\_IDLE\_TIME, 0);
    Logout;
  END;
\end{verbatim}

**Single-Sign-Off (SYSTEM\_SINGLE\_SIGN\_OFF)**

This event will be raised when single sign-off has occurred. The application developer can decide how the application should respond to a logout condition. The Forms Server will not be notified of this event until the next exchange from client to server (e.g. heartBeat, maxEventWait, user action, etc). Single Sign-out features are not available when using Java Web Start or the Forms Standalone Launcher (FSAL). Here is an example of how to use \texttt{SYSTEM\_SINGLE\_SIGN\_OFF}.

Example:

\begin{verbatim}
If :SYSTEM.LAST\_EVENT = 'SYSTEM\_SINGLE\_SIGN\_OFF' Then
  EXIT\_FORM (NO\_VALIDATE);
End if;
\end{verbatim}

**EM Notification (SYSTEM\_NOTIFICATION)**

This event will be raised when a notification has been received from Fusion Middleware Control (FMC). FMC will be able to send one of five notification levels to any or all of the running Forms sessions from the Forms User Sessions page. The application developer will code the desired action for each notification level. Notification levels can be determined using the new System variable \texttt{:SYSTEM\_NOTIFICATION\_VALUE}. Here is an example of how to use the \texttt{SYSTEM\_NOTIFICATION} event.

Example:

\begin{verbatim}
DECLARE
  notification\_level varchar2 (1);
BEGIN
  -- NOTIFICATION\_VALUE is the value/number sent from Fusion Middleware Control
  notification\_level := :SYSTEM\_NOTIFICATION\_VALUE;
  If :SYSTEM.LAST\_EVENT = 'SYSTEM\_NOTIFICATION' Then
    CASE notification\_level
      -- Each message should be customized as needed.
      -- Customize these actions as needed.
      WHEN '1' THEN MESSAGE ('Received Notification #1 from Fusion Middleware Control.');
      WHEN '2' THEN MESSAGE ('Received Notification #2 from Fusion Middleware Control.');
      WHEN '3' THEN MESSAGE ('Received Notification #3 from Fusion Middleware Control.');
      WHEN '4' THEN MESSAGE ('Received Notification #4 from Fusion Middleware Control.');
    END CASE;
  END if;
\end{verbatim}
WHEN '5' THEN MESSAGE ('Received Notification #5 from Fusion Middleware Control.');
END CASE;
End if;
END;

**Media Completion (SYSTEM_MEDIA_COMPLETION)**

This event will be raised when a media (audio) file, started with the `PLAY_AUDIO` built-in, has reached the end of its play time. This will allow developers to programmatically react to this completion. Here is an example of how to use the `SYSTEM_MEDIA_COMPLETION` event.

Example:

```sql
If :SYSTEM.LAST_EVENT = 'SYSTEM_MEDIA_COMPLETION' Then
    MESSAGE ('Thank you for playing this audio file');
End if;
```

**Audio Playback**

Applications will now be able to play audio files. This feature is not fully supported when using early versions of Java 7 on the client tier. Therefore, using Java 8 is recommended. Java 11 is supported with FSAL beginning with 12.2.1.4, however to enable audio support with Java 11, JavaFX is also required (obtained from third party). Refer to the Using Forms Standalone Launcher paper or the Working with Forms Guide for more information. This feature provides a new built-in called `PLAY_AUDIO` and accepts various arguments. Valid arguments include the following:

- `<audio file name>`
- `ACTION_PAUSE`
- `ACTION_STOP`
- `ACTION_RESUME`
- `ACTION_TOGGLE_MUTE`

Audio files are accessible via a properly signed jar file (recommended) or URL. Using a URL may result in Java security warnings being presented to the end-user. Audio files or JARs containing audio files are stored on the server’s local file system (e.g. middle tier); similar to how images for iconic buttons might be stored. Supported formats will include the following:

- MP3
- AIFF containing uncompressed PCM
- WAV containing uncompressed PCM
- MPEG-4 multimedia container with Advanced Audio Coding (AAC) audio

Example:

```sql
-- Begin playing the welcome audio file.
PLAY_AUDIO ('welcome.mp3');
```
Single Sign-out

Support for single sign-out and its detection are included with these variations; on demand (programmatic), on exit, and a new System Event. The System Event will allow applications to react to a single sign-out occurrence or explicit sign-out when commanded. Single Sign-out System Event features are not supported when using Java Web Start or the Forms Standalone Launcher (FSAL).

Note that some parameters required to use the following functionality may not be pre-defined in the client template files (e.g. basesaa.txt, webutilsaa.txt, etc). Be sure to create the appropriate entries in the template file(s) before attempting to use the following functionality.

On Demand

On demand single sign-out provides a new built-in, LOGOUT_SSO, which allows the developer to programmatically cause single sign-out to occur. Executing this built-in will cause a new web browser window/tab to open and call the OAM logout API.

On Exit

On-exit single sign-out is activated using a new applet parameter, ssoLogout. Setting this parameter to TRUE in the Forms Web Configuration (formsweb.cfg) will cause cleanly exiting forms to terminate the current SSO session, if one exists. The applet parameter ssoLogoutRedirect can be optionally used to redirect the browser to a target URL upon successful SSO logout rather than the default page. The ssoLogoutRedirect parameter only works when used in conjunction with ssoLogout and when an SSO session exists.

Single Sign-out Event

The Single Sign-out event, described in detail above, allows developers to design applications that can react to a single sign-out action occurring.

Client Deployment Configurations

Traditional Oracle Forms web applications ran embedded in a parent web browser, using the Java Plug-in. HTML sent to the client from the Forms Servlet included the appropriate applet tags, which caused the Java Plug-in to load and launch the Forms applet. Unfortunately, this method of deployment came with problems and limitations. Some of those limitations included insufficient display space, accidental navigation away from the running Forms application, extra overhead of supporting the browser, limited support for the Java Plug-in, and compatibility issues between browser version and Plug-in version.

New client deployment options include embedded JNLP (similar to embedded Applet), Java Web Start, and Standalone. Traditional HTML (embedded Applet) will continue to be supported and configured as the default. Configuration examples are provided in the Forms Web Configuration (e.g. formsweb.cfg).

Embedded JNLP

Embedded JNLP is a hybrid of traditional HTML and Java Web Start. As with traditional HTML, the Forms Servlet delivers the needed HTML file for starting the applet. However, in the case of embedded JNLP, parameters specific to the Oracle Forms applet are contained within a base64 encoded entry (the JNLP contents). This entry is then surrounded by the needed HTML code to make up a surrounding web page. Using this option offers several advantages. Those include familiar look and feel to traditional HTML and ability to use some JNLP features in addition to HTML features. Embedded JNLP also supports the use of Java Script integration and integration with single sign-on. This configuration requires Microsoft Internet Explorer 11 or Microsoft Edge (running IE-Mode).
Java Web Start

Java Web Start runs applications without having a parent web browser. Although a browser may be used to initially launch the application, the browser is not responsible for hosting the application and can be closed after the application has started. When a browser is used to request the Java Web Start configured application, Single Sign-on can be used to protect this download and login to the application. The user can choose to launch the application subsequently from the browser or use the downloaded Java Web Start launcher stored in the Java Cache Viewer (only if not SSO protected). If the application is SSO protected, all requests to run this application must be made from the browser. A desktop shortcut can also be created, however the same restriction will apply regarding SSO.

Because Java Web Start runs the application without a browser, features that are browser dependent are not supported in this mode. These will include direct Java Script integration and Single sign-off. Single sign-on is supported when calling from a browser, as mentioned above.

Forms Standalone Launcher (FSAL)

The Forms Standalone Launcher, also known as FSAL offers a modern style of client/server. FSAL allows users to run Oracle Forms 12c applications similarly to how a typical Java application might be run on their local machine. With FSAL, no browser is used to launch the application. All that is needed is a certified Java SE installation on the end-user machine. Refer to the Fusion Middleware Product Certification Guide for the latest certified Java versions. The Java installation needs to be either the Java Development Kit (JDK) or Java Runtime Environment (JRE) or Server JRE (applies to Java 8 only). Java 11+ (LTS releases only) is also supported for use with FSAL starting with 12.2.1.4.

A “Usage Information” page is included in the installation and can be accessed from a running server with this URL:

http://<server>:<port>/forms/html/fsal.htm

Because FSAL runs applications without a browser, some features that are browser dependent may not be supported in this mode. Single sign-on and single sign-off can be used beginning with Forms 12.2.1.4. System event driven single sign-off is not supported with FSAL. Java Script Integration is possible with the use of the Forms WSJSI add-on and a third party library (Eclipse/Jetty). Do not use Jetty versions newer than 9.x if using Java 8 on the user tier.

SSL/TLS Certificate Importer

A new SSL/TLS Certificate Importer has been introduced in order to simplify the configuration of SSL/TLS certificates on the user’s machine. If an unknown certificate is sent from the server, the user will be presented with a dialog giving them an opportunity to review the certificate details and allow or disallow it from being imported. Optional new arguments can be used to control this feature’s behavior. Refer to the FSAL Usage page for more details.

Custom Protocol Handler Support

Beginning in this version, FSAL now supports the use of custom protocol handlers; specifically “fsal” for non-SSL requests and “fsals” for SSL requests. By using a custom protocol handler (configured on the users’ machines) FSAL can be launched from a web page (e.g. hyperlink, etc). Refer to the operating system documentation for details on how to create a custom protocol handler.
Improved Shell Output

The shell used to start FSAL will now show indicate from where (e.g. URL) resources like JAR files are downloaded, whether cached files or server delivered files are used, and other helpful details about the startup process. This information can be useful when troubleshooting. Refer to the FSAL Usage page from more details.

Language Detection

Similar to a browser running on a user’s machine, FSAL can detect the language setting used when an application is requested. As a result, custom configurations can be used based on the user’s language. More information about how to use Forms language detection can be found in the Working with Oracle Forms Guide.

Custom Text on Logon and Password Change Dialogs

Oracle Forms provides a default logon feature, as well as a default password change feature. Both present the user with a dialog box that contains no informative text other than the field labels. This feature allows for a custom message to be included in the dialog. To customize these dialogs set the desired environment variable and include the text to be displayed. The environment variables FORMS_LOGON_HINT and FORMS_CHANGE_PASSWORD_HINT are set in the Forms Environment Configuration (default.env or your custom .env). The text or “hint” is limited to 255 single-byte characters.

Example:

FORMS_LOGON_HINT=Username and password fields are case sensitive.

Tab Labels with Images

Tab canvas labels can now display images. Images must be of a common web format (e.g. gif, jpg, png). Images can be added declaratively in the Form Builder or at runtime in the application pl/sql.

Example:

SET_TAB_PAGE_PROPERTY (<tab page name>, ICON_NAME, <icon name>);

The image can be include in a signed jar file or accessed via a URL (virtual path), however using a signed jar file is recommended and will avoid the displaying of Java security warnings. Image size should be limited to 16x16 pixels. Larger size images can be used; however this will cause the tab label size to increase to match the size of the image. This may not be desirable.
Record Counter

The new SET_APPLICATION_PROPERTY argument, RECORD_COUNT_DISPLAYED, allows developers to programmatically control when the message bar’s record counter is displayed or not. This can often be helpful when the current form is not showing content that contains an obvious record, like a custom logon screen. By hiding the record counter, users are less likely to be confused by what is presented.

Example:

```
SET_APPLICATION_PROPERTY (RECORD_COUNT_DISPLAYED, PROPERTY_FALSE);
```

Figure 4: Record counter displayed.

Figure 5: Record counter hidden.

Row Banding

Row banding allows multi-record blocks to be striped with alternating colors. This can help make each row more visible to users. It can also help improve the appearance of the application. The stripe colors are derived from the runtime colorscheme’s pinstripe colors. Custom colorschemes can be created if the provided schemes are not desired. Refer to “Customer Color Scheme” also found in this document.

Row banding can only be set at design-time. The desired value can be set on the Property Palette for the desired block or item, but will not be visible until runtime. Refer to the Row Banding Frequency property. The value of Row Banding Frequency represents how often the color should alternate. For example a setting of 2 would result in changing the color of every other row beginning with the second. Setting to 0 or 1 at the block level would result in no rows being striped. In cases where you do not want an item in the block included in the striping, set Row Banding Frequency at the item level to 1. Setting the item level value to 0 implies it should inherit from the block setting. By default row banding is not possible if the underlying canvas color has been specified. To override this behavior, set FORMS_FORCE_ROWBANDING=1 in the Forms Environment configuration (e.g. default.env).

![Row banding example](image)

Gradient Canvas Colors

Gradient canvas colors are set at design-time, but are not visible until runtime. The starting color is based on the background color set for the canvas. If no color is set, the color implemented by the runtime colorscheme will be used. At design-time, the developer can choose the starting position from where the gradient flows (None, Left, Top, Right, or Bottom). The difference in color from its starting point to its end point is set in the runtime configuration Registry.dat (aka “Fonts and Icon Mapping”) using these settings:

- default.gradient.redDelta
- default.gradient.greenDelta
- default.gradient.blueDelta
These settings only apply when the canvas background color has a specified value. Each specifies an integer value representing how much to add/subtract from the start value to reach the end color. The color range assumes a value between 0 and 255. Thus, if the start color had an RGB value of 150,150,150 and each of the Delta properties was set to 50, then the end color would be 200,200,200. Similarly, the properties can have negative values. As an example, if all were set to -50, the end color would be 100,100,100. Setting the red, green, blue Delta values to 0 or unset would result in no change to the color. However, if left unset and the canvas background color is unset (<Unspecified>) the colorscheme colors are used and the gradient will be based on the colorscheme’s OLAFDark color (as seen below left).

Using this feature in cases where a hidden stacked canvas is larger than the main canvas and is shown later in the session’s life is not recommended. This is because the gradient fill pattern is drawn only at initial startup. Altering the view area at runtime may result in an incomplete gradient flow. It should be noted that using a gradient in both the content and stacked canvas will result in color transitioning not being in sync with each other. This is because the coloring on one canvas is unrelated to the coloring on another. Refer to the Form Builder Help for more information.

**Smartbar (toolbar) Size and Scaling**

In previous versions, Forms toolbars associated with menus displayed 16x16 pixel icons and were contained in buttons of the approximate same size. Attempts to use larger images would clip the image and the button size would remain the same. With the new applet parameter, `smartBarHeight`, the smartbar size can be increased to either a fixed, but larger size or changed dynamically based on the value of the applet parameter `clientDPI`. If the provided images are smaller than the containing button, the image will be scaled up to fill the button. If the image is larger than the button, it will be clipped. Supported sizes will be 16x16, 32x32, and 48 x 48 pixels. Valid values for this parameter will be medium, large, or dynamic. Any other value or unset will be treated as the default behavior, using the small (16x16) buttons. Using `smartBarIconScaling` will control whether or not images should be increased in size or not to fit the size of the smartbar. Refer to the Applet Parameter table in this paper for more information.
**Improved Canvas Background Image Support**

In earlier versions, Forms performed its own image compression in order to reduce an image's content size and reduce network traffic associated with sending it to the user's machine. It is now possible to bypass image processing for images displayed as backgrounds on a canvas. This feature is only supported for GIF, JPEG, and PNG image formats. To use this feature images are loaded programmatically using SET_CANVAS_PROPERTY or SET_TAB_PAGE_PROPERTY. Images are loaded using the new BACKGROUND_IMAGE property. The position of the image cannot be moved nor can more than one image be displayed. The images can be stored on the server’s file system or accessed via a virtual path (e.g. URL, jar, etc). Here are some examples:

Relative URL:

```plaintext
SET_CANVAS_PROPERTY('CANVAS1', BACKGROUND_IMAGE, 'URL:/media/redwood.jpg');
```

Fully qualified URL:

```plaintext
SET_CANVAS_PROPERTY('CANVAS1', BACKGROUND_IMAGE, 'URL:http://example.com/media/redwood.jpg');
```

Access from jar file or codebase:

```plaintext
SET_CANVAS_PROPERTY('CANVAS1', BACKGROUND_IMAGE, 'URL:redwood.jpg');
```

Access from server’s file system:

```plaintext
SET_CANVAS_PROPERTY('CANVAS1', BACKGROUND_IMAGE, 'C:\graphics\redwood.jpg');
```

![Canvas background image.](image)

**Figure 11:** Canvas background image.

**Image Item Sizing Style Property**

Image items offer the following properties for Sizing Style:

- **Crop:** Displays only the portion of the full image that fits in the display rectangle.
- **Adjust:** Scales the image to fit within the display rectangle. Size ratio is maintained.
- **Fill:** Image size scaled to fit the image item fully (height and width). Size ratio is not maintained.
Item Level Mouse Cursor (Pointer)

The SET_ITEM_PROPERTY argument, CURSOR_STYLE is used to change the mouse cursor (pointer) while hovering over an item. In earlier versions, it was only possible to set the cursor style at the application level. This resulted in the cursor appearing the same regardless of where the mouse was pointed. The desired cursor can be selected at design-time as an Item Property or at runtime in the application pl/sql. Possible cursors are:

- ARROW
- BUSY
- CROSSHAIR
- DEFAULT
- INSERTION
- HAND
- MOVE

Resizing pointers:

- NRESIZE
- SRESIZE
- ERESIZE
- WRESIZE
- NERESIZE
- NWRESIZE
- SERESIZE
- SWRESIZE

Example:

SET_ITEM_PROPERTY ('block1.displayItem1', CURSOR_STYLE, 'HAND');

Figure 12: Mouse HAND cursor.

Text Item Maximum Length Increased

The text item object maximum length property has been increased from 32767 to 2097151 (2M-1). This also applies to display items. This can be valuable for retrieving data from a CLOB column. However, because PL/SQL varchar2 variables have a 4000 character limit, the contents of these much longer fields will not be accessible in PL/SQL code.

Setting Max Event Wait Programmatically

The applet parameter maxEventWait was added in a previous release to assist in the Forms integration support with Streams (Advanced Queuing) and other functionality that requires frequent updating. This parameter creates a HEARTBEAT-like ping to the server that can be set in seconds. It can be helpful when the need to query the status of an asynchronous task is being performed. One issue with using this applet parameter is that it can result in a
significant increase in network traffic and degrade application performance. The Application Property MAX_EVENT_WAIT can now be programmatically controlled. This allows developers to enable, disable, and change MAX_EVENT_WAIT as needed. Its value is set in seconds in the application's PL/SQL. Setting the value to 0 will return control back to the HEARTBEAT and its previously configured setting, essentially disabling MAX_EVENT_WAIT.

Example:

```
SET_APPLICATION_PROPERTY(MAX_EVENT_WAIT, 10);
```

**Client IP Address**

In previous versions, the only way to obtain the client IP address was either with a custom Java Bean or by WebUtil enabling the application. A new application property USER_IP_ADDRESS can be used to get the user IP address without the need for Java Beans or WebUtil.

Example:

```
v_clientIP := GET_APPLICATION_PROPERTY(USER_IP_ADDRESS);
```

**Form Query-Only Mode**

The new GET_FORM_PROPERTY, FORM_QUERY_ONLY returns TRUE/FALSE depending on the value set for QUERY_ONLY when the form was opened/started. QUERY_ONLY is a command line argument, but also a parameter that can be passed when using CALL_FORM. Refer to the Builder Help for details.

Example:

```
Declare
    x varchar2(6);
Begin
    x := GET_FORM_PROPERTY('myForm', FORM_QUERY_STATUS);
    message (x);
End;
```

**Oracle Diagnostic Logging and Forms MESSAGE Built-in**

Oracle Diagnostic Logging (ODL) was introduced in 11g. This diagnostic logging was a significant improvement over traditional logging methods. In Forms 12c, it is now possible to programmatically send entries to ODL. This can be helpful for both troubleshoot and auditing. One of four new MESSAGE built-in arguments can be included. When included, output will be sent to ODL rather than the user interface. Possible arguments are as follows:

- **ODL_DEBUG**
  Generates FRM-91930 in ODL followed by the text provided in the "message_string".

- **ODL_NOTIFICATION**
  Generates FRM-91934 in ODL followed by the text provided in the "message_string".

- **ODL_WARNING**
  Generates FRM-91935 in ODL followed by the text provided in the "message_string".

- **ODL_ERROR**
  Generates FRM-91936 in ODL followed by the text provided in the "message_string".
The FRM error code can be used to easily find the desired entry in the log.

Example:

```sql
DECLARE
  usr_name VARCHAR2(20);
BEGIN
  usr_name := GET_APPLICATION_PROPERTY('USERNAME');
  MESSAGE (usr_name || ' attempted to insert a record.', ODL_NOTIFICATION);
END;
```

**JVM Controller**

The JVM Controller is used to manage the extra memory used by Forms applications. Specifically, the JVM Controller manages memory used by Java calls made by the Forms Runtime. Java is used by the Forms Runtime when calls are made to Oracle Reports, Oracle BI-Publisher, or Java that has been imported into a Forms application. In previous versions, the JVM Controller was either on or off. It can now be configured to work in the most efficient configuration appropriate for specific conditions.

**Child JVM Management**

Children JVMs are spawned as needed. When these extra JVMs are no longer needed, the Controller can be configured to terminate them.

- **OFF** (default)
  JVMs would not be removed automatically by JVM Controller.

- **AGGRESSIVE**
  The frequency of removing Child JVMs is at its highest.

- **MODERATE**
  The frequency of removing Child JVMs is lower than AGGRESSIVE.

- **CONSERVATIVE**
  The frequency of removing Child JVMs is lower than the previous two options.

**Load Balancing**

Load balancing options include the following:

- **Random** (default)
- **LeastLoadedFirst**
- **RoundRobin**

**Logging**

The logging feature of the JVM Controller is helpful when troubleshooting problems, understanding load patterns, determining when a controller is stopped or started, and a variety of other data points. In earlier version it was only possible to enable or disable logging. Beginning in version 12, logging now can be set to one of six values. Each value will record a different level of granularity. Possible values include:

- **Off**
- **Debug**
- **Warn**
More details about using and configuring the JVM Controller can be found in the Working with Oracle Forms Guide.

**Fusion Middleware Control Advanced Configuration**

Advanced Configuration allows for management of configuration and template files not previously accessible in Fusion Middleware Control (FMC). File types include Forms client templates, webutil.cfg, and key binding/mapping files.

![Forms Advanced FMW Configuration](image)

**Custom Color Schemes**

Oracle Forms delivers nine (9) runtime color schemes. The desired color scheme is set as a Web Configuration parameter (in formsweb.cfg). The parameter “colorScheme” is set to “SWAN” by default in Forms 12.2.1. It is now possible to create custom color schemes. The desired values of the custom color scheme are set in the Forms Font and Icons Mapping configuration (Registry.dat). This is accessible in Fusion Middleware Control. An example is provided in the installation, but not likely appropriate for a production deployment. The example has been named “sample”. To enable this example, simply set the Web Configuration parameter customColorScheme=sample. More information can be found in the Working with Oracle Forms Guide.

![Custom Color Schemes](image)
### New Applet/Servlet Parameters

With new applet.servlet parameters, applications can gain new behaviors and appearances without making risky code changes. In the table below, the Applies To column indicates whether a parameter applies to the Forms applet or Servlet. For parameters that apply to Applet, a declaration of the parameter may need to be added to the Forms template file (e.g. basejpi.htm, base.jnlp, basesaa.txt, etc) if it currently does not already exist.

More information about applet parameters and how to use them can be found in the Oracle Working with Oracle Forms Guide.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPLET/Servlet Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Applies To</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>alwaysOnTop</td>
<td>Specifies if the Forms MDI window (separateFrame=true, Java Web Start, Standalone Launcher) will remain on top of all other open windows. This is not supported with Java Web Start in version 12.2.1.0.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>centerOnStartup</td>
<td>Specifies if the Forms MDI window (separateFrame=true, Java Web Start, Standalone Launcher) will start centered on the screen. This is not supported with Java Web Start in version 12.2.1.0.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>clientDPIRatio</td>
<td>Specifies the percentage of the usable display that the application's MDI window should scale to. The window is scaled based on the display size but retains the HEIGHT to WIDTH ratio set in the Forms Web Configuration. This ensures that neither dimension becomes larger than the display size and that the application window does not become distorted. If clientDPI is set, clientDPIRatio is ignored. This is only supported when configured to run with Java Web Start (JWS), FSAL, or embedded with separateFrame=true. Values: Integers from 10 to 100. Invalid values are ignored.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>consoleUseRegistryFont</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not the application’s console (aka message bar) uses the default font attributes specified in “Font and Icon Mapping” (i.e. Registry.dat).</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>customColorScheme</td>
<td>Specifies the name of the custom colorScheme created in Registry.dat to be used. Setting this will override the colorScheme parameter.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dynamicLayout</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not the Forms applet should redraw the parent window (and notify the server) while resizing it. Enabling causes an increase of network traffic while resizing is in progress.</td>
<td>TRUE</td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fsalcheck</td>
<td>Specifies whether to perform checksum comparison of Forms stand-alone app launcher or not. When enabled, it triggers a comparison to be made on server. The checksum of FSAL on the client machine will be compared with the checksum of FSAL archived on the server.</td>
<td>TRUE</td>
<td>Servlet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fsalJavaVersion</td>
<td>Specifies which Java version is to be used on the end-user environment. Refer to the Web Configuration Parameters table in the Working with Oracle Forms Guide for details about using this settings.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gzipCompressApplet</td>
<td>Setting to TRUE will cause the Forms Servlet to attempt compressing the html/jnlp content sent to the client. This assumes that the request coming from the client indicates support for compression in its HTTP Accept-Encoding header. Enabling this parameter can help to reduce application startup time. This setting may interfere with some testing tools. If such a setting is enabled, the default operation of gzip compression will be removed.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Servlet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parameter</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Value</td>
<td>Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hideActivityBar</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not the Forms activity bar (also known as progress bar) should be hidden.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hideAppletVersion</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not to display the Forms applet version in the client side console.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hideClientExceptions</td>
<td>Specifies if Java exceptions should not be displayed to the end-user in both the Java console and error message dialog.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>idleTimeout</td>
<td>Specifies how much idle time (in seconds) can elapse before a SYSTEM_CLIENT_IDLE event will fire.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isResizable</td>
<td>Specifies if the Forms MDI window (separateFrame=true, Java Web Start, Standalone Launcher) is resizable by the end-user.</td>
<td>TRUE</td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>java_version</td>
<td>Specifies which Java version is to be used on the client environment. Not supported with FSAL.</td>
<td>1.7+ (as configured)</td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logoutTargetURLParamname</td>
<td>Specifies the OAM target URL parameter to use upon receiving a logout request. Refer to the Oracle Access Manager documentation for details.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>oam_redirect_root</td>
<td>Used in cases where mixed protocols are used between the end-user, OHS, Forms, and OAM. Valid values include HTTP, HTTPS, or a fully qualified URL to the server hosting Forms (e.g. &lt;protocol&gt;://&lt;client-visible-host-name.domain&gt;:&lt;client-visible-port&gt;)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Servlet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>removeCommentLinesFromApplet</td>
<td>Removes comment lines from html/jnlp sent to client. This can improve startup performance and reduce the amount of content being sent to user. Set to TRUE to enable.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Servlet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>smartBarHeight</td>
<td>Specifies the desired Smartbar size to be used at runtime. Valid values are medium (32x32), large (48x48), dynamic (adapts based on value of clientDPI). Icons larger than the button size will be clipped. Icons smaller than the button size will scale up to fill the button (see smartBarIconScaling parameter). The default (e.g. unset) or setting to any value other than those listed here will result in buttons fixed to contain icons that are 16x16. These buttons will not scale if the value of clientDPI is changed.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>smartBarIconScaling</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not to scale the images in the Smartbar to fit within the usable space. Images cannot be scaled smaller. Images can only be increased in size. This means that images that are too large for the current Smartbar size will be clipped.</td>
<td>TRUE</td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>smoothScalingMaxZoom</td>
<td>Smooth scaling often produces a significant improvement in image quality when the scaling factor is significantly lower than 100%. This improvement decreases as scale increases, and seems unnoticeable when the scaling factor is significantly greater than 100%. The downside of smooth scaling is that a large scaling factor may produce an OutOfMemoryError [which will leave the image item blank]; the probability increases as the scaling factor increases. Smooth scaling is by default not enabled. This parameter specifies the tradeoff between image quality and the probability of an OutOfMemoryError. It specifies the maximum zoom_percent for which smooth scaling will be used. For example, set smoothScalingMaxZoom=200. This would specify that smooth scaling should be used for all downscaling, and for upsampling up to a factor of 2 (200%). Note that smoothScalingMaxZoom can be specified in a URL. An end user might want to lower it or disable it altogether [by specifying smoothScalingMaxZoom=0] if an OutOfMemoryError occurred.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parameter</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Value</td>
<td>Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ssoLogout</td>
<td>Specifies if the session should be SSO logged out when a successful Forms logout occurs. If the application does not exit cleanly, SSO Logout may not occur.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ssoLogoutRedirect</td>
<td>Used in conjunction with ssoLogout, sets the URL used for browser redirection after a successful ssoLogout.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ssoSaaBrowserLaunchTimeout</td>
<td>Specifies, in seconds, how long the Forms servlet will wait for the initial request from the browser that was spawned by the Standalone launcher for SSO authentication. If the interval expires, the fatal error FRM-93249 will be reported.</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Servlet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Valid values: Integers in the range 1-300</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ssoSaaBrowserPageTimeout</td>
<td>Specifies, in seconds, how long the Forms servlet will wait for the user to enter data into a browser page during SSO authentication for a Standalone application. If the interval expires, the fatal error FRM-93382 or FRM-93383 will be reported.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Servlet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Valid values: An integer &gt;= 15, or 0 which indicates that the Forms servlet will wait indefinitely</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ssoSaaWaitInterval</td>
<td>Specifies the interval, in seconds, at which the Standalone launcher reissues requests directly to the Forms servlet while SSO authentication is proceeding in the launched browser window. Larger values reduce network traffic but increase the chances of an intermediate agent timing out (thereby producing the fatal error FRM-93248).</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>Servlet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Valid values: An integer &gt;= 5, or 0 (which indicates that the Standalone launcher should not reissue requests)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ssoSuccessLogonURL</td>
<td>The URL to redirect to if SSO authentication completes successfully for a Standalone application (FSAL).</td>
<td></td>
<td>Servlet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>websocketJSILogging</td>
<td>Set to TRUE to enable WJSI logging. Output will be sent to the Java Console.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>websocketJSIServerTimeout</td>
<td>The time, in minutes that the WJSI server should continue to run while idle. After this time, FORMS_TIMEOUT will be honored.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>websocketJSISessionTimeout</td>
<td>The time, in minutes the WJSI session should be permitted to remain idle before being terminated. The default is 5 minutes.</td>
<td>5 (minutes)</td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>webstart</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not Java Web Start should be enabled. Set webstart=enabled (or TRUE) to enable. See example in Web Configuration (formsweb.cfg).</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Servlet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>webstart_codebase</td>
<td>Specifies the URL to the application Codebase. This may be required when using Java Web Start and the Forms managed server (WLS) is behind a proxy server.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Servlet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Example: webstart_codebase=http://proxy_server:port/forms/java</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WebUtilVersion</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not to display the WebUtil version in the client side console.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Applet</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
New Environment Variables

Environment variables for Oracle Forms are used to control and customize the Forms Runtime or design-time tools (e.g. Builder, Compiler, etc). Runtime setting changes are made in the Forms Environment Configuration (default.env or custom env file if used). It is important that changes to Runtime settings be performed using Fusion Middleware Control. More information about runtime environment variables and how to use them can be found in the Oracle Working with Oracle Forms Guide.

Environment variables used by the design-time tools are set the operating system environment or on Microsoft Windows, set in the Windows Registry.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ENVIRONMENT VARIABLE</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>DEFAULT VALUE</th>
<th>APPLIES TO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_BI_SERVER</td>
<td>Specifies the host and port of the BI-Publisher server. (e.g. &lt;protocol&gt;://&lt;BI-Publisher-host-name.domain&gt;:&lt;client-visible-port&gt;) Using this variable allows application developers to use a relative path that points to the BI-Publisher WSDL in the application code when integrating with BI-Publisher.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_BUILDER_FSAL_LOGGING</td>
<td>Specifies the text that should be displayed in the default logon dialog box. The total number of characters cannot exceed 255.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Builder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_CHANGE_PASSWORD_HINT</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not to support the DB 12.1+ MAX_STRING_SIZE=EXTENDED option. Valid values are TRUE/FASE</td>
<td></td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_DB_IDLE_TIME</td>
<td>Specifies the amount of time, in seconds before the Forms DB Idle Time System Event will fire.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_EXTENDED_STRING</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not to support the DB 12.1+ MAX_STRING_SIZE=EXTENDED option. Valid values are TRUE/FASE</td>
<td>TRUE (Default is FALSE in 12.2.1.3 and earlier)</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_FORCE_ENCRYPT_HANDSHAKE</td>
<td>Specifies whether the initial request to run an application should encrypt the handshake. By setting this to FALSE when running with SSL/TLS, application startup time can be slightly improved. Since the initial request was made with the HTTPS protocol, forcing handshake to be encrypted is unnecessary. This setting may be optionally used along with FORMS_MESSAGE_ENCRYPTION which also adds little value when in SSL/TLS mode. In such a case, setting to FALSE may improve performance. Do not set to FALSE if not using SSL/TLS. Setting this to FALSE may adversely impact some testing tools. If so, revert to the default value of TRUE</td>
<td>TRUE</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_FORCE_ROWBANDING</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not row banding should be used even when the underlying canvas has a set background color.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_HIDE_LOGIN_RESET</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not the logon dialog should be displayed in the event a database logon fails when SSO is enabled.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_HTTP_PROXY_HOST</td>
<td>Specifies the HTTP enabled proxy host.Proxying may be necessary for calls to Oracle BI-Publisher, or when a form uses server-side Java (Imported Java) to make HTTP/HTTPS. If using the JVM Controller, refer to the Java documentation:</td>
<td></td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environment Variable</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_HTTP_PROXY_PORT</td>
<td>Specifies the HTTP enabled proxy port number.</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_HTTPS_PROXY_PORT</td>
<td>Specifies the HTTPS enabled proxy host. Proxying may be necessary for calls to Oracle BI-Publisher, or when a form uses server-side Java (Imported Java) to make HTTP/HTTPS requested call. If using the JVM Controller, refer to the Java documentation for information on how to use proxy settings: <a href="https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/net/doc-files/net-properties.html">https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/net/doc-files/net-properties.html</a></td>
<td>Runtime</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_HTTPS_PROXY_PORT</td>
<td>Specifies the HTTPS enabled proxy port.</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_LOGIN_DIALOG_BLANK</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not the logon dialog displayed after a failed database logon contains the username and database name.</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_LOGON_HINT</td>
<td>Specifies the text that should be displayed in the default logon dialog box. The total number of characters cannot exceed 255.</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_MAP_GIF_IMAGE_TO_NATIVE</td>
<td>Specifies if image items containing GIF images should bypass the Forms Multimedia processing layer. Bypassing the Multimedia processing layer will deliver uncompressed images to the user interface and will typically exhibit superior image quality when Native (a new Builder property for image items) is specified. However, image loading performance may be degraded. If the behavior of Native image items is desired for image items that specify an Image Format of GIF, this can be achieved without modifying or recompiling fmb files. Set the value of this environment variable to TRUE (or 1) to enable this feature. Set to FALSE (or 0) to disable.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_MAP_JFIF_IMAGE_TO_NATIVE</td>
<td>Specifies if image items containing JFIF/JPEG/JPG images should bypass the Forms Multimedia processing layer. Bypassing the Multimedia processing layer will deliver uncompressed images to the user interface and will typically exhibit superior image quality when Native (a new Builder property for image items) is specified. However, image loading performance may be degraded. If the behavior of Native image items is desired for image items that specify an Image Format of JFIF/JPEG/JPG, this can be achieved without modifying or recompiling fmb files. Set the value of this environment variable to TRUE (or 1) to enable this feature. Set to FALSE (or 0) to disable.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_MAX_JVM_STACKSIZE</td>
<td>Specifies the limit that the JVM will impose on the size of the Forms Runtime JVM stack. The value must be one or more decimal digits, optionally followed by k, K, m, or M. An invalid value will cause JVM startup to fail, which generally produces a generic error message. (e.g. In the case of Webutil, the message is &quot;105100: non-ORACLE exception&quot;)</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_ON_MODAL_DETECT_IDLE</td>
<td>When set to TRUE, the CLIENT_IDLE System Event will execute immediately after the blocked condition is released and any previously executing trigger(s) completes processing. This does not apply to custom Java Beans that expose modal Java dialogs or any other blocked condition not originating from native Forms.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Default Value</td>
<td>Scope</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_PROXY_BYPASS</td>
<td>Specifies a list of hosts that should not be accessed using a proxy. Hosts in the list are separated by '</td>
<td>' character and individual host can include wildcard character '*'.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_ROWID_IS_NAVIGATION_ITEM</td>
<td>Specifies whether the typically hidden ROWID column/item is a navigable item. Setting FORMS_ROWID_IS_NAVIGATION_ITEM to TRUE will return the pre-12.2.1.3 behavior, which was: GET_ITEM_PROPERTY(last_item_in_block, NEXT_NAVIGATION_ITEM) returned 'ROWID' instead of the first item in the block GET_ITEM_PROPERTY(first_item_in_block, PREVIOUS_NAVIGATION_ITEM) returned 'ROWID' instead of the last item in the block.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_SELECT_ON_CLICK</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not the text in a field should be selected when using the mouse to enter the field.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_SYSTEM_EVENT_NAVIGATION</td>
<td>Specifies whether another form can service a system event when the current form doesn’t have a subscription to the event. If set to TRUE, the behavior depends on whether a form has been designated as the master system event form (via SET_APPLICATION_PROPERTY(MASTER_SYSTEM_EVENT_FORM, form_id.id)). If so, it will service the event if it has a subscription to it. If not, the first opened form that has a subscription to the event (if there is such a form) will service the event.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_WJSI_OVERRIDE_TIMEOUT</td>
<td>Time, in minutes (3-1440) the Forms runtime process waits before honoring FORMS_TIMEOUT while awaiting the return from a modal Java Script call using WJSI.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_API_COMPILE_ALL</td>
<td>Forces the full PL/SQL compilation of modules before generating the executable (FMX, MMX, PLX).</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>JDAPI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_ASSUME_MULTI_MONITOR</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not the Form Builder should retain window position information upon exiting. When set to TRUE, a window positioned on a secondary monitor when exiting will have its position on that monitor retained. If the secondary monitor is expected to not be available in the future, setting this variable to FALSE will cause window positions to not be retained and restarting the Builder will occur on the main display.</td>
<td>TRUE</td>
<td>Builder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_BUILDER_FSAL_LOGGING</td>
<td>Specifies whether to enable logging when using the Forms Standalone Launcher to run forms from the Builder. When TRUE, log files will be created in the operating system’s configured TEMP directory. The log file created will be prefixed with “fsal” in the name.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Builder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_DISCONNECT_AWARE</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not the Form Builder should detect if a previously connection with the database is still available.</td>
<td>TRUE</td>
<td>Builder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_OBR_REMOVE_PATH</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not the full file system path should be included in the URL when using the Builder’s One Button Run feature. This will be helpful when the Application Server URL is set to a remote node.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Builder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMS_SHOW_REP_DIALOG</td>
<td>Specifies whether or not to display the Create Report dialog when creating a new report object in the Object Navigator. Setting to TRUE (1) will cause the dialog to be displayed. Setting to FALSE (0) or unset will prevent the dialog from appearing.</td>
<td>FALSE</td>
<td>Builder</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Record Manager**

The Forms record manager has historically used the file system to store “archived” records (i.e. records retained by the Forms session but not currently in an active state). The amount of disk storage used can potentially be quite large. However, large-memory systems (such as Exalogic) often have relatively small local file systems, and performance will suffer if the record manager has to use a remote file system for archived records. Improvements to the Record Manager now allow it to store record data in local memory rather than the file system. The result is less disk activity, faster read/write times, and overall improved performance.

Administrator customizations are available, but intended for advanced users while troubleshooting. These customizations can also be helpful in cases where the available memory is below that which is required.

Refer to the Form Builder Help for more information.

**Support for DATA_VALUE_IS_NULL Property**

The new DATA_VALUE_IS_NULL property applies to the GET_ITEM_INSTANCEPROPERTY and GET_ITEM_PROPERTY built-ins. This new argument will return ‘TRUE’ if the specified item or item instance is null and ‘FALSE’ otherwise. In the case of GET_ITEM_PROPERTY, the item instance in the block’s current record is inspected. This is valuable when working with image items, as these items previously did not offer a method for determining if an image was present or not.

The DATA_VALUE_IS_NULL property can also be used for other item types, except button and Htree.

**Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) Integration**

In Forms versions prior to 12.2.1, integration with single sign-on (SSO) required that the LDAP server used by the authentication server be Oracle Internet Directory (OID). Remote Access Descriptor (RAD) data that was previously stored in OID can now be stored in the Oracle Platform Security Services (OPSS) repository. As a result, Forms no longer has a direct dependency on any LDAP server. Users can now choose any LDAP server that is compatible with Oracle Access Manager (OAM). This feature is not supported with Oracle Reports.

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Figure 15: Forms SSO and OPSS integration flow.
Remote Access Descriptor Administration

Remote Access Descriptor (RAD) data includes the database connection information required by Forms applications to connect to the database when integrated with SSO. These records can now be administered directly in Fusion Middleware Control (FMC). This administration can be accomplished in FMC, regardless of whether configured to use the legacy option that uses OID or using OPSS. Also included is a utility page that allows administrators to easily migrate data from OID to OPSS.

![OPSS RAD administration in FMC.](image)

Forms Application Deployment Services

Forms Application Deployment Services (FADS) allows developers to easily package applications, deploy, configure, and store archived copies of the applications. Using the FADS web interface, you can check on the status of your deployments, deploy updated versions of your applications, delete no longer needed applications, and much more. A command line interface is also available, which may be helpful for Forms build integration and scripting automated deployment jobs where using a web interface may not be appropriate. FADS is optionally installed/configured into the WLS Administration Server, therefore the Admin Server must be running in order to access FADS. Information on installation/configuration and usage can be found in the Working with Oracle Forms Guide.

Once installed and configured, access the FADS web interface as follows:

http://example.com:7001/fadsui
• Support for SqlDeveloper 18.2+ (required in Oracle Home)
• Support for WebUtil enabled applications
• Access to FADS server logs
• Improvements to Log Viewer
• Improvements to Archive Repository
• Improvements to Accessibility support

Servlet Administration Test Mode

The Forms Servlet Administration Test utility (/forms/frmservlet/admin) has always been helpful for troubleshooting, but was previously difficult and/or risky to enable because it required modifying the Forms J2EE deployment plan. Enabling this utility now simply requires setting allow_debug=testmode in the Forms Web Configuration (formsweb.cfg) in Fusion Middleware Control.

Valid values for allow_debug are:

• FALSE (default)
  Blocks Servlet Administration page and the commands associated with it. Servlet debugging and logging is disabled.

• TRUE
  Enables various debug and ODL logging functions exposed by the Forms Servlet, as well as enabling Servlet Administration specific commands. Servlet Administration test page is not accessible.

• TESTMODE
  Same as TRUE, however displays the Servlet Administration test page rather than the Servlet status page.

• NONE
Blocks Forms Servlet status, Servlet Administration page, and the commands associated with it. Servlet debugging and logging is disabled.

By default allow_debug is disabled (FALSE). It is recommended that this parameter only be set to TRUE or TESTMODE during troubleshooting. It should not be set to TRUE or TESTMODE unless explicitly being used by administrators during testing.

**Forms Helper Script**

The Oracle Forms Configuration Helper script (frmconfighelper) helps administrators perform complex post install, Forms configuration tasks in a much easier manner than if using the traditional tools. This utility includes the following functions.

- enable_ohs
- enable_sso
- enable_sso_ssl
- enable_webgate
- create_machine
- create_managed_server
- deploy_app
- update_app

Details about them can be found in the Appendix section of the Working with Oracle Forms Guide and when running the script without passing any arguments.
Forms Builder Features

Builder Usability and Diagnostics

PL/SQL Code Editor

In the event of a detected error in application PL/SQL code, those errors are presented in a lower pane of the Builder’s code editor. However, error messages presented here cannot be easily copied to the clipboard and therefore cannot be easily saved for future reference or accurately sharing with Support. Using the mouse, error messages can now be copied to the system clipboard then pasted as needed.

FSAL Logging for OneButtonRun

Refer to the FSAL section of this document for more information on the improvements added to FSAL.

Builder Preferences

General Tab

- Hide PL/SQL Compile Dialog
  
  When checked, causes the PL/SQL compilation results window to automatically close if no errors are detected. When unchecked, the compilation progress dialog will remain open until the user clicks on OK.

- Web Browser
  
  Previously located on the Runtime tab, this preference has been moved to the General tab. The drop-down list can hold several browser locations. These are used to launch a form or display web content. Storing multiple browsers allows the developer to easily switch between browsers when testing.

- Compiler Output
Enter the full path to the directory where generated modules (fmx, mmx, plx) should be saved. The user must have read/write on the directory set in this field. This feature makes it easier to separate source code from generated modules.

- Auto Backup Time

This represents the number of minutes the Form Builder will wait before creating a backup of any recent changes. The number entered can include fractions of a minute (e.g. 2.5), however the value must be 1 or greater. These backups are intended for crash recovery only. In the unlikely event the Builder is unintentionally terminated, upon its next startup and the user attempting to reopen the previously opened module(s), the user will be prompted to either use the back or use the previously save version of the file. Backups will only be created for the current module and while the Builder is the active window. To disable Auto Backup, set the value to 0 or leave the field blank.

Runtime Tab

- Show URL Parameters

When checked, using the Builder's RunForm Button will display the complete URL in the browser. This includes configuration options and username/password details. This can be helpful when testing or troubleshooting. Because checking this box will show sensitive details in the URL, care should be taken when using this feature. When unchecked, details typically exposed in the URL will not be shown.

- Run Standalone

When checked, uses the Forms Standalone Launcher (FSAL) to run the current form when the Builder's RunForm button is pressed. This feature assumes that the application server (Weblogic Server) is running on the current machine and is properly referenced in the Application Server URL field found on the same tab.

- Quiet Mode

Removed.

Module Converter

In a previous version, an XML conversion utility was provided which allowed for the conversion of Forms binary menu and form modules to an XML format and back to binary. This utility was provided as a command-line only tool. In this release, the utility is accessible directly from within the Builder. The XML conversion utility is now integrated with the previous binary to text converter. In addition to the necessary fields for choosing and converting to and from XML, the dialog includes check boxes to determine if overwriting an existing file should occur during translations and whether or not the dialog should remain open after a conversion completes successfully. This can be accessed by selecting File > Convert... from the Builder menu.

Figure 18: Module converter dialog.
Product Documentation and Community

The Builder Help menu now includes links to Builder Help, the Documentation Library, Oracle Forms Forum on OTN, and the Oracle Forms product page on OTN. These can be found by selecting Help from the Builder menu.

Java Developer API (JDAPI)

The Forms Java Developer API allows developers to create Java applications that can manipulate Forms modules in mass. This can be extremely helpful if the same change is required in many modules. In previous versions of the JDAPI, it was not possible to generate a PLX file using the JDAPI. This limitation meant that developers using JDAPI needed to make their changes then separately generate new PLX files. In this version, PLX files can now be generated programmatically. It is also now possible to execute the “compile_all” option prior to generating new FMX or MMX files. The compile_all option does not apply to PLL/PLX files.

WebUtil

Never copy webutil.pll/plx from previous versions. Each Forms release comes with a copy that is intended for that version and includes any bug fixes or new features unique to that version. A new webutil.plx should be created as part of any installation’s post installation steps.

WebUtil Logging Improvement

As a result of numerous recent changes in Java, using the WebUtil CLIENT_HOST command can sometime be difficult. This is because some strings passed into this command now require special escaping in order to be properly processed by Java. Unfortunately, Forms has no way to identify and/or warn if a string provided in PL/SQL has been properly escaped or not. This resulted in making troubleshooting such calls difficult. With the new logging improvements in this version, troubleshooting such calls should be a bit easier. Now when the WebUtil logging level is set to “detailed”, additional information about CLIENT_HOST calls will be displayed.

WebUtil without OLE

WebUtil is a Forms optional add-on that provides client side functionality not natively available. Previously, using this add-on required the inclusion of third party libraries (i.e. JACOB). These third party libraries needed to be signed with a trusted digital certificate. JACOB provides the integration components necessary for Oracle Forms to communicate with OLE functionality, generally for interaction with Microsoft Office products. For some users, although some features of WebUtil are needed, OLE functionality is not needed or used in their applications. WebUtil is now delivered with an updated Object Library that includes an alternative object group which does not contain the OLE components. This allows developers, who do not plan to use OLE, to have a lighter weight WebUtil option with no need for third party libraries.

File Last Modified Date

Knowing the last time a file was modified can be helpful information for example when comparing a file on the user’s machine to a file the server is attempting to deliver to the user. If, as an example the file on the user’s machine is already current it may be decided to not replace it. The following two new functions have been added to the WEBUTIL_FILE package to accomplish this task.

- FILE_MODIFIED_DATE
  Returns date/time as a string with the default format set to "dd-MMM-yyyy HH:mm:ss". To change the date format, add the applet parameter WebUtilDateFormat and include the desired format. Setting an invalid format will result in the default format being used.

- FILE_MODIFIED_EPOCH
Returns the amount of time, in seconds since January 1, 1970 until the last modified date of the file. This is also known as POSIX or Unix time. This value can be helpful when attempting to do time/date calculations or comparisons.

Extend WEBUTIL_SEPARATOR_FRAME Package

WEBUTIL_SEPARATOR_FRAME has been extended to support all non-browser configurations like Java Web Start and Standalone Launcher (FSAL). The following functions are now supported with JWS and FSAL.

- IsSeparateFrame
- GetSeparateFrameSize
- ShowMenuBar
- ShowStatusBar
- SetTitle
- SetIcon
- AllowResize
- CenterMDI

File Upload/Download Transfer

WebUtil offers the ability to transfer files to and from the application server tier, as well as to and from a database BLOB object. Although Forms, and WebUtil in particular should not be used as an FTP client, occasionally moving small files to or from the remote server is needed and easiest from within the current application. Oracle recommends that files being transferred be as small as possible. Large files (>100M) should be transferred with an FTP client utility. Large files can be transferred, but the processing will be much slower than if using an appropriate FTP utility. The transfer process from WebUtil will be synchronous; therefore the user will not be able to interact with the application during this time.

The file transfer rate associated with WebUtil file upload and download has been increased by up to approximately 33%. To utilize this improvement for transfers between the user and middle tier, change the value of WebUtilMaxTransferSize from 16384 to the new maximum value, 24573. For transfers to and from the database, in addition to the aforementioned change it will also be necessary to run/re-run create_webutil_db.sql. If this script was previously run for an older release, it will be necessary to run the new one, as it includes changes needed to make this performance improvement possible. It is important to also note that the actual file transfer rate for database transfers will be marginally less than transfers to and from the middle tier server.

XLIFF Extract and Merge Tool

XLIFF (XML Localization Interchange File Format) is an XML-based text format created to standardize localization data. It specifies elements and attributes to store content extracted from various original file formats and its corresponding translation.

The Forms XLIFF Extract and Merge Tool will allow Forms application developers to extract industry standard XLIFF files from Forms application source files (FMB, MMB, and OLB). These files can be edited using most XLIFF 1.0 compatible tools or a plain text editor. Once the desired changes have been made to the XLIFF file, the same Forms tool can be used to merge the changes into a new Forms source file, which can then be used to generate new Forms executable files (FMX, MMX) as necessary. This tool does not include an editor.
**Conclusion**

Oracle Forms 12c (12.2.1) includes many new features and enhancements. These new features range from the very complex to the very simple. By introducing new features into new and existing applications, those applications take on a more modern presence. More importantly, by leveraging the power of new features and enhancements an end-user’s interaction with the application becomes more efficient. Additional information about Oracle Forms 12c and its features can be found in the Oracle Forms 12c Documentation Library.