

# Optimize Your Infrastructure with Oracle Linux: Minimize Operating Expenses and Maximize Value


ORACLE WHITE PAPER | MAY 2018





## Table of Contents

Introduction	1
How Deploying Oracle Linux Reduces Operating Expenses	2
Oracle Linux: Lower TCO and Greater Value	2
High Availability Support at No Additional Cost	3
Container and Orchestration Services	3
No-Charge Linux Lifecycle Management	4
Dynamic Kernel and Selected User Space Updates with Ksplice	4
Oracle Linux Premier Support: Truly First-Class	5
Hardened within Oracle	6
Proven Savings	6
Oracle Compute Resources	7
Oracle Managed Cloud Services	7
Conclusion	8
For More Information	9



---

*“Our ultimate goal was to improve application deployment time, increase performance and save on IT costs. Using Oracle VM and Oracle Linux has helped us dramatically reduce licensing and management costs, while ensuring our architecture can scale to meet the changing dynamics of our growing business.”*

**GIAN GIACOMO FERRARIS**  
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER  
GIANNI VERSACE S.P.A.

---

## Introduction

Intense competitive and economic pressures are driving businesses to scrutinize costs and find efficiencies that help to increase profitability. In light of budget constraints, IT departments are challenged to deliver core business application services while reducing the total cost of ownership (TCO). To put it simply, IT managers must determine new ways to do more with less.

Many IT organizations seek efficiencies through cloud service delivery models that increase agility and utilization, simplify administration, and cut the complexity and cost of application delivery. To support emerging cloud-based solutions and critical business application workloads, IT architects are increasingly embracing Linux as the enterprise deployment standard. In many cases IT is standardizing on a single commercial Linux distribution because it can mean a significant reduction in operating expenses.

As companies are modernizing and simplifying their infrastructure with open technologies, Oracle Linux offers greater value than other commercial Linux releases. Backed by 24x7 support in 145 countries and deployed by thousands of customers worldwide, Oracle Linux is the proven enterprise Linux choice. It is the Linux development standard at Oracle, running the ever-expanding number virtual and physical servers that power Oracle's engineering, business, and customer-facing cloud operations.

This paper describes the savings and efficiencies that an IT department can realize by choosing Oracle Linux as their enterprise standard. It highlights sample deployments and explains how deploying Oracle Linux can reduce operational expenses and result in less downtime, improved productivity, and greater opportunities for revenue generation.

# Oracle Linux: Maximize Value, Minimize Operating Expenses

## How Deploying Oracle Linux Reduces Operating Expenses

While some commercial Linux vendors require support subscriptions on every system to obtain the operating system software as well as patches and security updates, Oracle Linux is free to download, use, and redistribute without a support contract. For companies that standardize on Oracle Linux, this can translate into significant savings. Oracle Linux binaries are freely available for download from <https://edelivery.oracle.com/>. No activation keys are required so an administrator can deploy new servers without delay, even in the middle of the night. Source code for the Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel (UEK), which Oracle optimizes for performance especially for Oracle Database and Oracle applications, is also available on GitHub at <https://github.com/oracle/linux-uek>.

Oracle believes that customers should be able to select which Linux systems require support contracts. While support contracts are crucial for production servers that host business-critical application stacks, there are often many enterprise systems that don't require support, such as developer workstations and Quality Assurance (QA) systems.

Oracle makes patches and security errata freely available on the Oracle Linux yum server at <https://yum.oracle.com>. No subscription is needed to download and install updates from this site, allowing administrators to apply the exact same errata across all Oracle Linux systems in their enterprise, regardless of whether or not they are supported.

The Oracle Linux yum server makes these updates available at the same time as the Oracle Unbreakable Linux Network (ULN) does for systems under contract, so administrators have a single location from which they can retrieve errata for both supported and unsupported systems. This approach is distinctively different than that of other commercial Linux vendors.

IT departments can standardize on Oracle Linux and selectively choose which servers to place under contract, substantially decreasing operational expenses. For non-essential servers such as proof-of-concept and development systems, IT can deploy Oracle Linux without support, apply security errata, and still maintain compliance with Oracle licensing policies. In addition, Oracle permits the redistribution of Oracle Linux without requiring any secondary licensing terms or agreements.

---

*"We run everything on Oracle Linux. There is no service offering for anything else. We do not tolerate other Linux distributions. And we insist our suppliers support us on Oracle Linux."*

**TIM OLDHAM**

INFRASTRUCTURE ARCHITECT  
BRITISH TELECOMMUNICATIONS PLC

---

## Oracle Linux: Lower TCO and Greater Value

For enterprises, Oracle recommends support contracts for servers that host business-critical application stacks. For these systems Oracle offers two levels of high-quality, enterprise-class support at low price points. The table below compares the Basic and Premier support levels, which can be assigned on a per-server basis. For one or two-socket server configurations (with unlimited virtual guests), Oracle also offers limited versions of the Basic and Premier support contracts at discounted prices.

# Oracle Linux: Maximize Value, Minimize Operating Expenses

## Basic Support

- » 24x7 telephone and online support
- » Access to errata, updates, fixes and additional software channels on Oracle's Unbreakable Linux Network (ULN)
- » Access to "My Oracle Support" and the Oracle knowledgebase
- » Comprehensive indemnification
- » XFS scalable file system
- » Oracle Clusterware and Oracle Linux load balancer for high availability and load balancing
- » Oracle Enterprise Manager 13c and Spacewalk for Linux lifecycle management
- » Oracle Container Runtime for Docker container support

## Premier Support

- All benefits of Basic Support plus:*
- » Zero-downtime kernel updates with Ksplice
  - » Ceph Storage for Oracle Linux
  - » Oracle Container Services for use with Kubernetes
  - » Oracle Linux high availability services
  - » Oracle Linux software collections
  - » Oracle OpenStack
  - » Premier backports
  - » Lifetime sustaining support

Beyond the distinct advantage of lower TOC, Oracle Linux support contracts supply greater value. Other vendors charge for add-ons that provide management and extended functionality like High Availability (HA), enterprise management, and more. With Oracle Linux Basic and Premier Support subscriptions, Oracle includes support for the de-facto open source high availability and load balancing products as well as no-charge access to Oracle Clusterware (which provides HA) and Oracle Enterprise Manager 13c (which delivers comprehensive Linux lifecycle management). And when it comes to troubleshooting and maintaining systems, Oracle's Ksplice technology provides exceptional value for customers that purchase Oracle Linux Premier Support because it enables zero-downtime kernel updates.

## High Availability Support at No Additional Cost

For mission-critical applications that require HA — including Oracle applications and non-Oracle applications — Oracle Clusterware monitors and manages application clusters. In the event of a hardware or software failure, Oracle Clusterware supports failover of applications to a different cluster node. The software also distributes workloads across nodes to optimize performance.

Both Oracle Linux Basic and Premier support contract includes Oracle Clusterware and Oracle Linux load balancing services at no additional charge. Other Linux vendors require expensive add-ons to gain HA functionality. With Oracle Linux support, IT departments can realize this additional value from their support contracts and lower the cost of delivering application continuity.

For active/passive deployments, an Oracle Linux Premier support contract includes Oracle Linux high availability services with Corosync and Pacemaker which allows for the creation of two-node clusters that support simple services such as a web server or NFS file server.

## Container and Orchestration Services

Oracle Linux Basic support subscriptions include Oracle Container Runtime for Docker, which allows Oracle Linux servers to run Docker compatible and OCI-compliant containers and images. Oracle provides extensive Docker image reference configurations at <https://github.com/oracle/docker-images> and distributes prebuilt Oracle images containing a range of Oracle products on the Oracle Container Registry at <https://container-registry.oracle.com>.

An Oracle Linux Premier support contract extends this capability by including support for Oracle Container Services for use with Kubernetes, an open-source system for automating deployment, scaling and management

## Oracle Linux: Maximize Value, Minimize Operating Expenses

of containerized applications. Primarily, Kubernetes provides the tools to easily create a cluster of systems across which containerized applications can be deployed and scaled as required.

### No-Charge Linux Lifecycle Management

Oracle Linux Basic and Premier Support subscriptions also include Oracle Enterprise Manager 13c for end-to-end Linux lifecycle management. Oracle Enterprise Manager 13c supplies an intuitive interface for Oracle Linux provisioning, patching, monitoring, administration and configuration management. The software takes a comprehensive approach to management, integrating Linux server management with controls that can extend to encompass application, virtual server, and hardware system management across the data center and cloud environment. Again, other commercial Linux vendors require an add-on (and charge additional fees) to obtain Linux server management functionality. Instead, an Oracle Linux Basic or Premier support subscription includes Oracle Enterprise Manager 13c licensing for free, enabling powerful management capabilities without imposing additional cost.

In addition to Oracle Enterprise Manager 13c, Oracle also supports Spacewalk, the open-source community project for Linux management. Customers with Oracle Linux Basic and Premier Support subscriptions include full support of Spacewalk, simplifying management during an evaluation, migration to Oracle Linux, and with new or additional deployments.

### Dynamic Kernel and Selected User Space Updates with Ksplice

When it comes to improving efficiency and finding operational savings, consider how system downtime and the associated expense can impact your organization and its profitability. When administrators take physical or virtual servers off-line to load a debugging kernel, apply updates, or install security patches, it results in outages and increased load on the remaining servers, yielding slower response times. The consequences of downtime are often direct losses in user productivity and missed revenue opportunities. When scheduling kernel updates, administrators must plan around business priorities, delaying and rescheduling outages to when it's most convenient, which can expose mission-critical systems to unplanned downtime because of potential kernel flaws or leave them open to known security vulnerabilities.

To eliminate these risks, **Oracle Linux Premier Support features Ksplice technology that allows administrators to apply kernel and selected user space library patches without downtime.** Ksplice eliminates the need to take a server off-line when applying a debugging kernel for troubleshooting or to implement errata. Ksplice can be used in conjunction with either the Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel (UEK) or the Red Hat compatible kernel.

Ksplice greatly simplifies diagnostics and troubleshooting because an administrator can swap in a modified kernel without a reboot. When a developer is troubleshooting a potential kernel problem, Oracle Support can supply a debugging kernel targeted specifically at gathering data about the issue. Ksplice dynamically applies the kernel module to the production system without a reboot. Not only can Ksplice apply a debugging kernel to identify an issue's root cause, but it can install a hotfix from Oracle Support as a stopgap measure, as well as the final errata release, all with zero downtime.

Ksplice can also dynamically patch both the GLIBC and OpenSSL user space libraries. These libraries are used extensively by services on Oracle Linux and usually require a reboot to apply patches. With Ksplice, applications that dynamically link to these libraries can be updated with zero service interruption.

Since Ksplice dynamically installs updates, administrators can choose to automate the delivery and application of kernel modules. As a kernel defect or security vulnerability is discovered, the Oracle Support organization creates a new Ksplice kernel module and makes it available on the Unbreakable Linux Network (ULN). For Linux servers

## Oracle Linux: Maximize Value, Minimize Operating Expenses

covered by Oracle Linux Premier Support, the updated module can be automatically downloaded from the ULN site and applied, instantly overwriting the relevant portion of the running kernel to facilitate a “rebootless” update. Any kernel changes applied with Ksplice can also be reversed in a similar way without a reboot. Administrators can also opt to apply Ksplice kernel changes manually (rather than in an automated manner through ULN) and can create private software repositories by replicating packages from the ULN site. A short video clip at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vzR7qLGVNKg> describes Ksplice implementation options.

Ksplice technology dramatically reduces administrative complexity since both physical and virtual servers running Oracle Linux can be updated without taking them off-line. Administrators can apply security and reliability patches without the complications and upheaval of planning and coordinating outages. Ksplice makes it easy to improve security compliance and keep systems up-to-date, reducing vulnerabilities since updates are applied in a timely and non-intrusive manner.

In addition, there are cases in which a few third-party software products have dependencies on proprietary third-party kernel modules. This can make it impossible to upgrade to a new Linux software version to obtain patches, which some Linux vendors require to implement a security fix. In these cases, Ksplice is often the only viable alternative since it can insert critical security patches into an existing kernel, allowing some third-party software applications to continue to function. The blog post at [https://blogs.oracle.com/wim/entry/a\\_good\\_use\\_case\\_for](https://blogs.oracle.com/wim/entry/a_good_use_case_for) describes how Oracle makes security and critical fix errata available for all the various Oracle Linux kernels via Ksplice, helping customers that need to remain on a specific kernel over time and still apply fixes, all without a reboot.

As a matter of fact, Ksplice technology has been providing zero-downtime kernel updates for over eleven years, allowing Oracle to create, distribute and dynamically apply millions of patches to production kernels around the world. Ksplice has a proven track record of supporting mission-critical applications and supplying updates without disruption, substantially increasing uptime and enhancing the value of Oracle Linux. For existing Red Hat Enterprise Linux customers, Oracle even offers a 30-day free trial of Ksplice technology at <https://www.ksplice.com/rhel-signup>.

### Oracle Linux Premier Support: Truly First-Class

Beyond zero-downtime kernel updates with Ksplice, the Premier Support level provides all the benefits of Basic Support — XFS scalable file system, Oracle Container Runtime for Docker, Oracle Clusterware, Oracle Linux load balancing services, Oracle Enterprise Manager 13c, Spacewalk, ULN access, and indemnification against intellectual property infringement claims — increasing the value of an Oracle Linux support subscription.

The Premier Support level also includes these additional benefits:

- » **Oracle Container Services for use with Kubernetes** – Kubernetes is an open-source system for automating deployment, scaling and management of containerized applications. Primarily, Kubernetes provides the tools to easily create a cluster of systems across which containerized applications can be deployed and scaled as required.
- » **Ceph Storage** – Ceph presents a uniform view of object and block storage from a cluster of multiple physical and logical commodity-hardware storage devices
- » **Premier back-ports** – For Oracle Linux Premier Support customers, Oracle can issue back-ports of individual patches to a version of a deployed package that is less than six months old. This capability gives customers more flexibility with respect to when they choose to upgrade. Other vendors force customers to upgrade to the latest Linux release to obtain bug fixes.
- » **Lifetime sustaining support** – Maintenance and software upgrades are included for Oracle Linux and Oracle VM for ten years from a release’s general availability date.

## Oracle Linux: Maximize Value, Minimize Operating Expenses

Oracle Linux Premier Support also includes support for [Oracle Linux high availability services](#), [Oracle OpenStack](#), [Software Collection Library](#), DTrace and more. See: <https://www.oracle.com/linux/support/levels.html>

Oracle's comprehensive worldwide support provides extensive value and Linux expertise at an extremely affordable price point. Deploying Oracle Linux can bring additional value in the stability and performance that each release offers for your business-critical applications.

The integration of Oracle Linux into Oracle Engineered Systems (including the Oracle Exadata Database Machine, Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine, Oracle Exalogic Elastic Cloud, Oracle Private Cloud Appliance, and Oracle Database Appliance) brings extensive testing, performance optimizations, and increased reliability, especially for Oracle workloads. Customers can build their own solution stack with confidence or turn to Oracle for a complete and integrated application-to-disk Linux solution. With an end-to-end Oracle solution, administrators gain the advantage of a single point of contact from a leading industry database and application expert for the most critical service and support issues.

---

*"The introduction of the Ksplice technology as part of Oracle Linux, which allows for applying Linux patches with no downtime, was a game changer for the organization. So we targeted our development and production deployments, about 60% of our servers, for premier support. We have the OS, the database, the application, the Web layer, and the same management tool, and we have the same vendor. That is very powerful."*

**JOHN DOME**

LEAD SYSTEMS ENGINEER

THE PROGRESSIVE CORPORATION (PROGRESSIVE INSURANCE)

---

### Hardened within Oracle

Beyond the integration of Oracle Linux in Oracle Engineered Systems, Oracle has one of largest implementations of Oracle Linux, deploying physical and virtual Oracle Linux instances across the company for both internal development and in Oracle Cloud. Oracle Linux is used pervasively throughout the Oracle software and hardware engineering organizations as well as throughout Oracle's daily business operations.

Oracle applications and updates are developed, tested, and supported on Oracle Linux. Oracle Linux is certified for Oracle Database (including Oracle Real Application Clusters), Oracle Fusion Middleware, and all Linux-compatible Oracle products. When internal and partner engineering teams develop new solutions that integrate database, middleware, and application products, they are usually developed, tested, and delivered first on Oracle Linux.

Because both internal and external customers rely on Oracle Linux for continuous application delivery, Oracle makes significant investments in testing the operating system. Internally at Oracle, Oracle Linux undergoes approximately 128,000 hours of testing per day within Oracle's engineering departments. If problems or defects are discovered, they are resolved and kernel changes are pushed back upstream to the Linux community, improving the reliability of open source Linux as well as that of Oracle Linux. The extensive testing and use of Oracle Linux within Oracle leads to greater stability, minimizing risk for your deployments.

### Proven Savings

Among Oracle deployments of Oracle Linux, there are business units in which IT managers have analyzed the savings they've realized from using Oracle Linux. In particular, these organizations have calculated the savings



## Oracle Linux: Maximize Value, Minimize Operating Expenses

they have achieved because of dynamic kernel updates with Ksplice technology. What follows captures the experience of two organizations, Oracle Compute Resources and Oracle Managed Cloud Services, which were both able to maintain application availability and protect revenue opportunities by using Oracle Linux with Ksplice.

### Oracle Compute Resources

Part of Oracle's engineering organization, Oracle Compute Resources is an internal IT group that supports the engineering development labs as well as SPARC and systems microprocessor engineering (informally known as the "SPARC compute ranch"). This IT organization provides continuous 7x24x365 operations and supports over 1000 Oracle Linux machines distributed over three data centers (Santa Clara, Austin, and Burlington). More than 900 Linux systems function as a compute grid running Electronic Design Automation (EDA) batch and interactive jobs that are used to perform chip design verification and logic simulations. The longevity of these jobs is unpredictable, meaning that a job is queued, executes across a number of grid machines, and may run for ten days, a month, or even longer. Availability in the environment is key since a failure causes jobs to be restarted. Outages have a huge negative impact on engineering productivity and ultimately time-to-market for microprocessors used in Oracle systems.

Before the availability of Ksplice technology, it was a challenge for this IT group to keep up with Linux operating system patches and security errata, as it is for administrative teams in many corporate data centers. The Oracle Compute Resources operations team used a rolling upgrade approach in which roughly 10% of the systems were taken off-line at a time. Targeted machines were first prevented from taking new jobs from the queue. Then as machines completed jobs and became free, administrators applied kernel patches, rebooted, and brought the servers back into service.

In practice, the rolling update approach required significant planning, coordination, and intervention to free up machines that were in the middle of executing long-running jobs. Corporate security policy, of course, required administrators to apply patches in a timely manner and within a scheduled window. It was extremely difficult to keep pace with the cadence of errata and patch releases. The operations team estimated that for every kernel update, it took at least 54 hours of system administration time plus seven hours of lost user time because of system reboots. **On average, it would take as long as 28 days to upgrade all machines across all three data centers.**

After implementing Ksplice, upgrades became significantly easier and faster, with no interruption to users. Today the operations team mirrors the ULN yum repository locally, giving them precise control of the kernel modules used in the upgrade process. Using a test machine, an administrator can first apply a new Ksplice kernel module and validate the update's success. After this verification step, the administrator initiates the broader deployment across all grid machines. Because of Ksplice, **the wall clock time for a patch rollout has shrunk to less than an hour in most cases, down from an average rollout time of roughly one month.**

The savings associated with using Ksplice stems from the productivity gains and business opportunities it protects in comparison to the rolling method of patching.

### Oracle Managed Cloud Services

Oracle Managed Cloud Services is another IT organization in which Ksplice technology has prevented lost revenue opportunities. This organization supplies customers with Oracle Database instances, Oracle Fusion Middleware, and other Oracle software products deployed as cloud services, delivering applications to more than 5.5 million end-users. To deploy cloud-based services with the security, availability, performance, and scalability that each customer requires, Oracle Managed Cloud Services manages over 15,000 virtual and physical servers using Oracle VM and Oracle Linux.

## Oracle Linux: Maximize Value, Minimize Operating Expenses

Recently, IT managers in Oracle Managed Cloud Services analyzed the impact of using Ksplice to apply a critical Linux kernel patch on approximately 200 virtual machines. The virtual servers were hosting mission-critical Oracle E-Business Suite applications and delivering them as cloud services to roughly 80 different companies. The patch corrected a networking problem that was standing in the way of meeting customer Service Level Agreements (SLAs) stipulating 99.9% uptime. Not only could there be economic consequences if SLAs were not met, the bug created a security vulnerability that could be exploited if it was not remedied quickly. **By using Ksplice kernel module updates, administrators saved an estimated 500-1000 hours for just this one kernel patch rollout, saving an estimated \$25,000 to \$50,000.** In addition, they were able to shrink the wall clock time for the rollout from six months to a matter of a few days. Perhaps most importantly, the updates occurred with no interruption of service to end users, enabling the application continuity fundamental to this revenue-generating Oracle business.

### Conclusion

When it comes to getting the most value from your Linux release and support subscriptions, Oracle Linux is clearly your best choice. Oracle Linux is free to download and distribute, with the binaries, errata, and updates available from Oracle at no charge. Oracle supplies two kernel options — the optimized Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel and a Red Hat compatible kernel — and both are backed by the expertise of Oracle's global 24x7 support organization. A support subscription for Oracle Linux is extremely affordable and you can select coverage for just the business-critical servers that truly need it.

In addition, Oracle Linux support subscriptions include advanced functionality — High Availability and Linux lifecycle management — that other commercial Linux vendors package as expensive subscription add-ons. The Oracle Linux Premier Support level includes access to Ksplice, XFS, OpenStack, Spacewalk, Oracle Database optimizations and support for patch back-porting. Ksplice technology provides a non-intrusive and seamless approach to troubleshooting and applying security errata, eliminating outages, slashing rollout cycles, and allowing administrators to keep pace with critical updates. As IT organizations (both within Oracle and externally) have found, Ksplice maintains application availability, preventing downtime and lost business opportunities that can impact revenue.

To analyze how much you can save by deploying Oracle Linux in your environment, download a free copy of Oracle Linux today from <https://edelivery.oracle.com/> and get started with your own evaluation. Contact your Oracle representative to learn more or visit <https://www.oracle.com/linux>.

# Oracle Linux: Maximize Value, Minimize Operating Expenses

## For More Information

For more information, visit the resources listed below.

### RESOURCES FOR MORE INFORMATION

Resources	URL
Oracle Linux Home Page	<a href="https://www.oracle.com/linux">https://www.oracle.com/linux</a>
Download Oracle Linux	<a href="https://edelivery.oracle.com">https://edelivery.oracle.com</a>
Oracle Linux yum server	<a href="https://yum.oracle.com/">https://yum.oracle.com/</a>
Video about Ksplice implementation options	<a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vzR7qLGVNKg">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vzR7qLGVNKg</a>
Free 30-Day Trial: Ksplice Zero-Downtime Updates for Red Hat Enterprise Linux Customers	<a href="https://www.ksplice.com/rhel-signup">https://www.ksplice.com/rhel-signup</a>
Oracle Enterprise Manager	<a href="https://www.oracle.com/us/products/enterprise-manager/">https://www.oracle.com/us/products/enterprise-manager/</a>
Oracle Hardware Certification Program	<a href="https://linux.oracle.com/hardware-certifications">https://linux.oracle.com/hardware-certifications</a>
Oracle Validated Configurations	<a href="https://linux.oracle.com/validated-configurations">https://linux.oracle.com/validated-configurations</a>
White papers & Data Sheets	URL
"Fast, Modern, Reliable: Oracle Linux"	<a href="https://www.oracle.com/us/technologies/linux/uek-for-linux-177034.pdf">https://www.oracle.com/us/technologies/linux/uek-for-linux-177034.pdf</a>
"Ksplice: Zero Downtime Updates for Oracle Linux"	<a href="https://www.oracle.com/us/technologies/linux/ksplice-datasheet-487388.pdf">https://www.oracle.com/us/technologies/linux/ksplice-datasheet-487388.pdf</a>
"Ksplice Offline"	<a href="https://www.oracle.com/us/technologies/linux/ksplice-offline-updates-ds-1898638.pdf">https://www.oracle.com/us/technologies/linux/ksplice-offline-updates-ds-1898638.pdf</a>
"Oracle Linux Management with Oracle Enterprise Manager 13c"	<a href="https://www.oracle.com/us/technologies/linux/linux-with-enterprise-manager-1959006.pdf">https://www.oracle.com/us/technologies/linux/linux-with-enterprise-manager-1959006.pdf</a>
"Oracle Clusterware for Oracle Linux"	<a href="https://www.oracle.com/technetwork/database/database-technologies/clusterware/overview/clusterware-for-linux-088663.html">https://www.oracle.com/technetwork/database/database-technologies/clusterware/overview/clusterware-for-linux-088663.html</a>
"What Makes Oracle Linux the Best Platform for Oracle Database 12c"	<a href="https://www.oracle.com/us/technologies/linux/linux-for-oracle-database-wp-2068570.pdf">https://www.oracle.com/us/technologies/linux/linux-for-oracle-database-wp-2068570.pdf</a>



## Oracle Corporation, World Headquarters

500 Oracle Parkway  
Redwood Shores, CA 94065, USA

## Worldwide Inquiries

Phone: +1.650.506.7000  
Fax: +1.650.506.7200

### CONNECT WITH US

 [blogs.oracle.com/oracle](https://blogs.oracle.com/oracle)

 [facebook.com/oracle](https://facebook.com/oracle)

 [twitter.com/oracle](https://twitter.com/oracle)

 [oracle.com](https://oracle.com)

## Integrated Cloud Applications & Platform Services

Copyright © 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. This document is provided for information purposes only, and the contents hereof are subject to change without notice. This document is not warranted to be error-free, nor subject to any other warranties or conditions, whether expressed orally or implied in law, including implied warranties and conditions of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. We specifically disclaim any liability with respect to this document, and no contractual obligations are formed either directly or indirectly by this document. This document may not be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, for any purpose, without our prior written permission.

Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Intel and Intel Xeon are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation. All SPARC trademarks are used under license and are trademarks or registered trademarks of SPARC International, Inc. AMD, Opteron, the AMD logo, and the AMD Opteron logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices. UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group. 0518

Oracle Linux: Maximize Value, Minimize Cost  
May 2018

